Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1890. No. 314

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—A room furnished or unfurnished near Post office. Address T this office. jun12-3t

WANTED—A good general servant in a small family. Apply between the hours of 10 and 1 p. m., and 4 till 5 p. m. Mrs. Urquhart, 110 Menzie street, James Bay. jn12-tf

WANTED—Situation by young lady lately out from London, England, as lady's companion. Apply to A. K. TIMES office. j121w

WANTED—Young gentleman wants a single room with board within 10 minutes walk from Post Office. Apply A. B. C. TIMES office. jn9-3t

WANTED—A candy maker. Apply to W. J. Tippins 125 Douglas St opposite City Hall. j7-1w

REQUIRED—A competent accountant accustomed to the routine of a merchant's office. Apply by letter stating age, experience and references to A. B. C., TIMES office, city. jun6-6t

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply at 59 Superior street. m30

WANTED—A tinsmith with capital as partner in a well established stove business. Apply A. O., TIMES office. ap11tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished front room 2 minutes walk from Post Office, suitable for one or two gentlemen with or without board, use of bath. Address E. H. Q. TIMES office. j12-1w

TO RENT—A furnished house with 7 rooms on Fort street. Apply to Mr. Page, 42 Government street. ju7-1w

SEVERAL HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms—To let with use of kitchen, bath-room, etc. At Miss McCandlish's private hotel 63 Superior street. may30-tf

TO LET—The property known as the Rock Bay Tannery, also the Bay Tannery at Rock Bay. The plant is complete in each place, and will be leased for short or long term. Inquire of Richardson, Heathorn & Jones 42 Yates St. m12-1m

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 152 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

TO LET—New four roomed house to let and furniture for sale. Furniture in use only four months. Ira Fenton, No. 2 Churchway. j18

FOR SALE.

133 feet—corner Fort and Moss streets, $1675 Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mar26

135 feet—Toronto street corner Parry street, James Bay $1300. Crane, McGregor & Boggs. mar22

FIRST CLASS STORE—On Douglas street, 5 years lease, for sale. Apply Richardson, Heathorn & Jones. ju9-1w

FOR SALE—A repair shop business, carpenter, blacksmith and locksmith tools, rubber rolls for clothes wringers. Will instruct purchaser how to put on new rolls. H. Findley 44 Yates St. j7-1m

RESTAURANT AND BAKERY FOR SALE—The undersigned having decided to retire from business offer their well established and profitable restaurant for sale. This offer is a rare chance for anyone seeking to purchase a good paying business which has been established for over 18 years. STEITZ BROS. j51m

FOR SALE—Julius Barron, 106 Yates street offers for sale all his store fixtures, tools, machinery, steam engine, stock and salting vats. Store to let. Apply at premises. jun3,tf

FOR SALE—New and convenient cottage nicely situated near tramway, James Bay. $1500. Crane McGregor and Boggs. my22

FOR SALE—Lot Victoria West $500, $30 cash balance $10 a month, Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—House and lot Spring Ridge, $1000, rents $10 a month, Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—A well situated lot 50x120, $375—$25 cash balance to suit, Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—Close to Park 50x130 to alley, $900, Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—The largest list of Victoria property on the market, Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—Lease of 2000 acres sheep range and cattle with good house and barns. Apply Van Volkenburgh, Victoria. jun2-tf

FOR SALE—Victoria District, 100 acres capital land cultivated, good water, close on projected tram car line; $100 per acre, a bargain. Apply A. Toller, 18 Broad street. m30

FOR SALE—The land known as Stromness Farm, containing 200 acres, more or less. Also large dwelling house and farm buildings. This property is about 20 minutes drive from the city, has a frontage to the waters of the Victoria Arm; and is most desirable as a situation for a gentleman's residence. For further particulars apply to Miss Peers, Stromness, Victoria, B. C. my27-1m

FOR SALE—5 acres all under cultivation, on water main, $1000, ⅓ cash. Crane, McGregor & Boggs. may23

FOR SALE—House and 11 lots, water front, Victoria West, $8000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—2 lots corner South Turner and Niagara streets, $1250. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Water front corner on inner harbor, $4000, Crane, McGregor and Boggs.

FOR SALE—Corner lot fronting on Beacon Hill Park, $1500. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Lot Leighton road, $350. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—Farming land at Alberni from $5.00 per acre. Crane McGregor & Boggs. may22

FOR SALE—A double lot 60x240 feet fronting on Dallas Road. This is the most desirable residential lot on the market; perfectly situated and is offered at reasonable terms and $200 below the market price, $1000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

CLAIRVOYANT.

MME. LESLIE—Reveals the past and unfolds the future. Important advice on business matters. Hours 9 a. m., to 8 p. m. Room 2 Vancouver Lodgings, 58 Yates street. j6-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A lady's purse containing a small sum of money, in gold, and a few samples of [illegible] goods, lost yesterday afternoon. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving same at TIMES office. jul12-3t

LOST—By S. G. J. Barrows, a small white [illegible] ju12-1w

INSURANCE.

TO INSURE—Your house at lowest rates call on Crane, McGregor and Boggs, agents Citizens. may22

INSURE—in the Sun, Life and Accident. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. may22

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. [illegible] H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent. [illegible] street, Victoria, B. C. [illegible]

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P. O. Box 346, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 352. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

QUEEN'S MARKET, I. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND FITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. [illegible] Telephone call 79.

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO. BANKERS, Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL. DR. J. HALL. Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D. (Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE DRIARD TRANSFER CO., NORTHern Pacific office, Government street, connects with all trains and steamboats. Baggage checked to Puget Sound and all eastern points. june12

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 94 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Candies, Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-lm

R. B. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVENUE, Supplies electric house bells, and annunciators in any quantity and style. No residence or hotel complete without them. my30-1m

SURVEYING PARTIES, fully equipped, and in charge of competent chiefs, furnished on short notice. Draughting, mapping and blue printing. MILLER & GOING, Box 291, Port Townsend. ap28tf

ARCHITECTS.

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT. Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

CORNELIUS J. SOULE, ARCHITECT. Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

T. B. NORGATE, ARCHITECT and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m20tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy 3 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4. I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Thursday, 19th, Third Degree. JAMES AULD, N.G.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. [illegible] Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ja18

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-ly

Contracts made for supplying families with ice at reasonable rates by the British Columbia Ice Co. Telephone call 81, office 22 Yates street. 7-5-1m

A NEW PLACER PROCESS.

AN INVENTION WHICH GAVE ALL THE GOLD.

A Cheaply Worked and Successful Way to Deal With Gold Bearing Gravel—Should be Tried in This Province—Tried at Wellsville, Arkansas.

A new invention which has been patented in Canada, has just been tried in Wellsville, Arkansas. It has been more than tried, it has gone through the experimental stage, and is now turning out paying gold. Mr. R. Menaugh engineer at the Victoria street railway power house, owns an interest in the invention, and any person interested in placer gold mining would obtain even more information by communicating with him. Below is an extract from the Salida Mail describing the process, and as it is of interest to gold miners, it is published here:

The power for the machinery is furnished by two large, double special Lif-fell turbine wheels. The water is conducted to these wheels through a ditch two feet wide and four feet deep. The wheels possess a wonderful power, having a capacity for throwing three nine inch streams. Only part of this power is needed to work the machinery.

One nine inch pipe is conducted across the river on a rudely constructed bridge to the immense bar of gravel and wash on the opposite bank where the gold is found. The stream in the pipe is divided and makes its escape through two little giants invented and patented by the company, each mounted on an ingenious frame work which allows them to be turned in any direction.

The dirt is rapidly ripped out by the tremendous force of the streams which are directed against it, and falls into a sluice box two feet square, which carries it into a large revolving screen or trommel, situated directly upon the river bank. It is estimated that each of these nozzles will wash out 350 cubic yards of earth a day.

While passing through this revolving trommel which is perforated with quarter inch holes, all the fine gravel and sand drops through the holes and is caught in an apron beneath. The boulders and coarse material comes out at the other end of the trommel, falling into a sluice box and being carried out into the stream of the river by playing a stream of water on it.

But it is the finer dirt which passed through the meshes of the screen in which we are interested, as it is in this that the shining particles of the most precious of metals will be found. Of the total amount of dirt torn from the bank, about one-fourth has passed through the screen. This is lifted about fifteen feet by an elevator and is emptied into a flume in which it is carried across the river on the same bridge on which the pipe is brought over and is emptied into another box.

Another elevator is here employed lift the muddy, pulpy mass about feet and empty it into the first of a series of trommels similar to the one across the river except that the holes in the screen are an eighth of an inch in diameter instead of a quarter. The trommel is revolved by means of shafting operated by the turbine wheels. The gravel and sand which is too coarse to pass through the screen is conveyed to one side and put through a "riffle," which separates the nuggets of gold from the worthless material. That which passes through the holes of the screen is emptied into the next trommel of the series, which has holes one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter, and the same operation is repeated. Following this are two trommels with still finer meshes. In each case that portion of the dirt which will not sift through the screen is carried to one side and finally passed through a riffle.

Finally the finest of the sand, and the fine particles of gold emerge from the series of trommels and are carried into a large cylinder, which is known as a revolving settling tank. There are two of these cylinders, each ten feet in diameter. They have the appearance of immense barrels lying on their sides. They are supported by journals at each end, and also by friction rollers underneath. At each end are holes about 1½ x 2 feet, through which the muddy liquid passes in and out of them. Only one of these barrels are filled at a time, the other being filled while the contents of the first are being treated.

The object of this solution is to remove the coating of iron rust which frequently covers the particles of gold, rendering it impossible for the mercury to act upon them. After pouring in this solution, the large cylinder is revolved for several hours in order that it may be mixed thoroughly with the sediment.

At the end of that time the pulp is removed from the cylinder and is carried by a sprocket chain to the top of a tumbler, where a spray of mercury is scattered over it, and is ultimately mixed with it. The mixture then drops upon the amalgamating plates, which are made of copper coat with silver. Upon these the gold, mixed with mercury, collects and remains. The overflow is carried into a couple of settling vats four feet deep and each 14x32 feet. In these whatever sediment may have escaped from the cylinder is allowed to settle. In order to prevent [illegible] removable troughs are suspended in the water with the hook of the J below the surface. These are intended to catch all the floating particles.

The semi-liquid mass is allowed to flow into the barrel (which is then stationery) until it is filled even with the hole at the opposite end, when the overflow passes out of the barrel in the settling vats beyond, of which we shall speak later. There is scarcely any current in the barrel and as the liquid passes slowly through it the sediment settles to the bottom. When enough of this pulpy sediment for a charge, (usually about 50 cubic yards) has been obtained, the stream is shut off and both ends of the barrel tightly closed. It is then given one or two revolutions in order to distribute the pulp evenly along the bottom, and the sediment is allowed to settle for several hours. Then by means of fawcets in the end of the barrel nearly all of the water is drawn off. But, lest any of the gold should escape with the water, the precaution is taken of filtering the water which is drawn off.

The following solution is then poured into the cylinder:

Cyanide potassium	1 part
Salt	1 part
Bi-chloride of mercury	1 part
Water	500 parts

After the water is drawn off from the settling vats it is finally run through a large filter, which will retain any gold that may have escaped the other devices.

The cost of treating the dirt does not exceed five cents per cubic yard, and the amount of gold in the wash runs from twenty to forty cents per cubic yard.

A careful examination of the workings of this mill would convince the most skeptical that the process is the most successful of placer mining ever invented. It saves all the gold. Not a color can be found in the tailings, which shows beyond a question of a doubt that the machine is doing its work perfectly.

This invention of Mr. Merralls' is destined to work a revolution in placer mining. It is so much superior to the old methods that it will rapidly replace them. With this new machine money can be coined in places where the old method would not pay expenses.

IS LORD BOYLE ALIVE?

Latest Reports Concerning the Long Missing British Nobleman.

A Victoria, B. C., correspondent of the New York Herald writes: In accordance with your instructions I have been making inquiries concerning the fate and whereabouts of Lord Boyle. I have received two letters which in my opinion indicate beyond a doubt that if Boyle is alive he must be somewhere in Alaskan mining districts, but the probability of his being still alive is not very encouraging.

The first letter is from W. T. Manning, deputy United States Marshal at Juneau, Alaska, dated May 12, and in answer to one I had sent to him requesting him to send me whatever details he may be in possession of regarding Boyle. The lord was there a year ago, and is supposed to have gone to the Yukon river, one thousand miles north of there, some miners who came from there having heard of Boyle mining in that district, and making plenty of money. Mr. Manning said he was unable to learn whether Boyle was still there, or whether he had gone south by way of the mouth of the Yukon.

The second letter is from Mr. Edward C. Gardner, of Sitka, which I received the same day as the others. It is as follows:

"I hear that you are making enquiries about Viscount Boyle, the rich lord who was in the country last year mining. I know him very well, and I believe now that if he did not get in among some bands of Indians for the winter months just passed, he is dead. It was at the beginning of September that I last saw him. He was then with three other men who had formed a party to leave Kingsford Crossing, 1,500 miles from the South of the Yukon, and ascend the river mining for alluvial and nuggets for six weeks, and then intending to return to Kingsford, and come down to Sitka for the rest of the winter.

"His companions were James Keast, of Omaha; Richard P. Winter of the same city, and James Hartley, of Regina, North-west Territory, who I believe, came up to Alaska with Boyle last year.

"Nothing has since been heard, to my knowledge, of the whereabouts of any of the four men, except Keast, and although Keast was heard from some four weeks after they started by miners coming into camp who had passed him, yet they state that he was quite alone and never told them anything about having had a party with him.

"Both Keast and Winter were experienced miners and thorough explorers. This is the only hope entertained that they may yet be safe among the Indians.

"They could not possibly have survived last winter's cold without having substantial shelter, such as old Indian tribes in the region could afford them.

"It is probable, but extremely unlikely, that Lord Boyle and his companions managed somehow to sail back and get down to the mouth of the Yukon in some craft of their own making, but even if that were the case, they should have been heard from by this time.

"Boyle was commonly supposed to be making a lot of money and was undoubtedly always spending a good deal in the townships. He spoke a great deal about the prospects and expectations that he had voluntarily abandoned by (as he expressed it) burying himself alive and cutting off all connection with his family. He was very proud, however, and never lost an opportunity of telling people who and what he was."

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and Elsewhere.

The Portland and Tacoma baseball [illegible] Port Townsend, where they play a match to-day. The boys were unable to play here yesterday afternoon on account of the dampness of the ground, but they nevertheless enjoyed themselves looking around the city. Before leaving they promised to return some time in July and play an exhibition game, or if a local team would play they will come over and give them a few pointers. That is with the understanding that the game is to be played in enclosed grounds.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

WAR VESSELS IN BEHRING SEA WILL LEAD TO TROUBLE.

Opinion from Halifax Papers Which Point Out the Danger of the Present State of Affairs—A Ship Has Rough Experience—A Remarkable Hailstorm.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12—Samuel Carson & Co., booksellers, have been attached by the Sather Banking Co. of this city for $10,000. Carson & Co. will file paper in insolvency in a few days. The demoralization of the book business during the past year and the failures of half a dozen local firms, each of which owed Carson & Co. money, and whose paper was discounted by them at Sathers, have caused the failure.

The Striking Moulders.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12.—The striking iron moulders induced six non-union men at the Union Iron Works to quit work last night.

For the Afflicted.

HAVANA, June 12.—An official statement regarding the fatal explosion on May 17th states that of the thirty-six persons who lost their lives, seventeen were commercial firemen, eight municipal firemen, three policemen, seven citizens, and one was not identified. Subscriptions for the relief of afflicted families and for the erection of a mausoleum to the memory of the victims amounts so far to over $100,000. The authorities have ordered that all gun and mine powder be removed from the hardware stores to the government powder stores, and that all petroleum be removed to distant warehouses.

Bridge Jumping Mania.

CINCINNATI, June 12.—The bridge jumping mania claimed another victim on Tuesday night, when nineteen-year old Josh Baedker leaped from the Licking river bridge, 77 feet above the water, doubled up and drowned before a boat could reach him. Next Sunday Meredith Stanley, the western champion will jump from a high bridge on the Cincinnati Southern, 287 feet above above the water.

A Big Pension.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., June 12.—John Caraty, an inmate of Hendricks county asylum, has been granted a pension of $12,500. At the battle of Franklyn, Kentucky, he fell from his horse, striking his head on a stone. He reported for duty, but grew morose and sullen, and is now a hopeless idiot.

Dahomey's Demons.

PARIS, June 10.—A letter has been received here giving details of the adventures of Dr. Bayal, governor of Kotonou, who was imprisoned by the king of Dahomey. Dr. Bayal himself was not ill-treated, but was forced to be present at the execution of his secretary and interpreter, and was the spectator of the sacrifice at one time of eighty-four human beings. At another time thirty-two victims were bound, mutilated in a horrible manner and, while still alive, hung up by the heels. Their bodies were opened with large, round knives, after which the corpses were thrown into "the place of skulls," where, in forty-eight hours, they were reduced by birds of prey to skeletons.

The amazons Dr. Bayal describes as very fiends. One day, at a sign from the king, 500 amazons rushed upon a living ox and tore it to pieces in a few seconds and then, each with a piece of raw flesh in her mouth, marched off, while five of their number held the skin and head of the beast aloft in their triumph.

Dr. Bayal's return to the coast was extremely dangerous. On arriving at Kotonou he heard of the death of the king, whom, had he been still at Dahomey, he would probably have been accused of poisoning.

A Log in his Leg.

WALLA WALLA, June 10.—A surgical operation was performed this morning upon J. H. Ross, a Swede, by extracting from his right hip, a snag of white fir eight inches long and two and one half inches in circumference. The young man was working in the snow upon the mountains for a flume company getting out trees, when, losing his footing, he slid down upon the snag, which entered his thigh and broke off three inches below the surface. This happened about the middle of February, but notwithstanding that this "terrible boulder" was jagging him constantly, he has since been at work, and walked to the doctor's office, without showing many signs of being badly hurt, and not dreaming of conveying around in his person a small sized tie.

For the Benefit of the Orphans.

Messrs. Lombard and Adderley waited upon the sisters of St. Ann's Convent to-day, and presented them with a check for $262.75, being the net proceeds of the performance of Pygmalion and Galatea in the Victoria Theatre on Monday evening last. Mr. Adderley and his talented company, as well as Mr. Lombard, deserve great credit for this financial success.

A ROUGH PASSAGE.

The Ship Buleshire Has a Rough Experience from London to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12.—The British ship Buleshire, Capt. Storm, with general merchandise for this port which left London on January 3rd last, arrived here last night after about as rough and stormy a passage as any of which there is any record. [illegible] the ship's log [illegible] there was hardly an intermission, a succession of gales and heavy head winds combatted the ship's progress from the time she left until her arrival. On rounding Cape Horn, on March 25th, a series of heavy gales were encountered, a number of sails being carried away. These increased to a hurricane, which lasted twelve hours, the sea made a clean bridge over the ship. All hands were lashed at the pump. After the hurricane, a hard [illegible] gale and a terrible squall continued for thirty-six hours. All this time nothing could be cooked, not being able to get along deck and galley utensils and lockers being smashed. The pigsty was washed away and the poop ladder and rails on the port side smashed. The chart house door was broken, two bulwark ports gone. The weather finally moderated somewhat, but from then on, gales, squalls, and heavy seas were experienced. The log closed as follows: If this ship had not been strong and substantial we would not be alive to tell the tale."

A REMARKABLE HAIL STORM.

Hail Stones Bigger Than Eggs Fall on the City of St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 12.—This city was visited by one of the most phenomenal hail storms on record yesterday. The proverbial hen egg was laid completely in the shade as to the standard of measurement. One hail stone measured at the signal service station was nine inches in circumference. The heavy glass skylights of the Missouri gymnasium were shattered and a skylight nearly an inch thick on the custom house was broken. All the windows in the magnificent Fagin building on Olive street were broken. The day had been hot and sultry, but at 3 p. m., a storm arose and the air was cooled in a remarkably short space of time. It began to hail and in places the stones were piled a foot deep. Barnum's circus tent suffered and ten thousand people were soaked to the skin by the rain which followed.

OPINIONS ON SEALING QUESTION

What the Papers and an Officer has to say About Behring Sea.

HALIFAX, June 12.—The military people here believe that the presence of the United States cruisers in Behring Sea will eventually lead to trouble between the United States and England. From the London Standard's remarks on the subject it would seem that a small spark might kindle a conflagration. An officer in one of Her Majesty's regiments said to-day that it might be confidently expected that the Canadian sealers would catch seals in what is disputed territory. It might also be put down as a certainty that some of them would sooner or later fall in with the United States cruiser and is such a case there is bound to be a seizure. What will follow such an event signs of times touch apropros of war. The Halifax Recorder, a daily paper, with the Annexationist to-day published a warlike editorial in which it says: "The British fleets are not in the habit of losing much time when they set out on a pulverizing mission. Probably a fleet sailing from Halifax could "bottle up" New York commerce in even less time than Senator Hawley stated. The moral for our American cousins is, 'Get out your guns, polish up your armor, for an experience of 2000 years has taught the world that there is a heap of truth in saying that we know not what a day nor an hour may bring forth.'"

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

P. Murphy of the Adelphi came up on the Walla Walla.

A large panther has been shot near Port Haney by Mr. Pope.

Joe Loewen is fast getting round again, and will be able to move out in a few days.

C Battery, R.C.A., marched out to their camping grounds at Macaulay's Point at 8 o'clock this morning.

Three lots on the corner of Dallas road and South Turner street were sold to an Oregon man yesterday for $3500.

A strawberry festival will be held in the Gorge road Methodist church this evening to welcome the new minister, Rev. Jos. Hall.

Mr. Wilson's numerous friend among the Government party are jubilant over his prospects and confidently look forward to his election.

In the city police court this morning two drunks were fined $5 and $1 costs each, but one not having the necessary wherewith, he was imprisoned in the common jail for one month.

The various young orchards on the Mainland are doing better than for years. Only a few complaints are made, and these seem to be the fault of certain land not being so well adapted to fruit.

Among the passengers for Maple Bay by the Rainbow this morning were Rev. Sanford and wife who go to that place to start a new church. Rev. Sanford is a young man and will no doubt be able to gather a good congregation at his new field of labor.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Along the Water Front—General Marine News.

The steamer Lakme arrived from Portland this morning.

The steamer Rainbow left for the logging camps, etc., this morning.

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco this afternoon.

The steamer Lakme arrived from Portland this morning with a heavy freight.

The Yosemite arrived down from Vancouver this afternoon having returned from her excursion to Seheh.

The well known master of the steam [illegible] by her former first officer.

Ships Mount Washington and [illegible] have arrived at the Royal Roads in ballast. Both will probably go to Moodyville to load lumber.

The large boiler for the [illegible] which was built by the [illegible] found defective has been [illegible] the Albion Iron Works [illegible] being put in position.

The steamer [illegible] arrived [illegible] and was boarded by [illegible] and [illegible] up to Vancouver.

WHOSE MEETING WAS IT?

EVIDENTLY A MAJORITY OF OPPOSITIONISTS PRESENT.

The Government Candidates on the Stump—They Succeed in Demonstrating the Weakness of Their Cause—Theo. Again Makes an Exhibition of Himself.

The Government meeting last evening was well attended. When the meeting opened the seating room was pretty well taken by electors, who having waited patiently to hear what the Government candidates had to say for themselves turned out to hear them. When the curtain went up the usual half-moon adopted by minstrel performers in their stage setting presented itself to the spectators. Mr. Willis Bond on this occasion was one end man Mr. Williams the other. Mr. Tom Gowdy and others who made up the support, were set out between the two gentlemen representing the horns of the half-moon. Col. Prior was appointed chairman of the meeting and on taking the chair he asked a patient hearing for the speakers of the evening. He first introduced the Hon. Mr. Turner.

Mr. Turner on coming forward received some applause. He said the Government had been accused of dishonesty but its opponents had failed to prove in what respect it was dishonest. He would not do this with the Opposition but would accuse them of dishonesty and prove it. He assured the audience that he was fortified with notes made by himself personally and taken from that admirable organ the TIMES (hear hear). Taking up the Redistribution Bill he proceeded to combat the statements of Mr. Beaven respecting the excessive number of members in the British Columbia Legislature compared with the members composing the legislatures of the other Provinces. He claimed that the redistribution was fair to Island and Mainland and gave outlying districts in the interior the representation they needed. The Railway Aid Bill had been misrepresented to almost every voter. He dealt at a great length with the arguments of Dr. Milne on this subject. He then took up Dr. Milne's argument on the Special School Tax and held that if his reasoning was followed out to a logical conclusion there would be no schools in the country. He quoted the statement that education cost $82 per head in some of the country schools and only $19 per head in the Victoria schools, but claimed that that was no argument against the Special Tax. The children in the upper country could not be allowed to run wild. He was in favor of a fee for entrance to the high school. Poor men were opposed to supporting the high school for the benefit of rich men's children. That finished Dr. Milne. The next to be dealt with was Mayor Grant whose name was received with hearty applause. The speaker having stated that there was nothing in Mr. Grant's speeches was hissed and that line of argument was immediately dropped. In explaining the incident in which the public accounts committee were made to take a report back and change it he said he did not blame the Government supporters but Mr. Beaven. It would have been a disgrace to have left it as it was. He then proceeded to rebut the statement that the Government candidates were "afraid to meet the electors." The man who said that must be from the Fiji Islands. Mr. Grant said the Government candidates, on the other hand were busy button-holing the electors. It was true he was canvassing, although he did not like it and getting the opinions of the people. He was very well satisfied with these opinions, satisfied that they would return three or four Government supporters in this city. (This caused applause but it was drowned with hisses.) Mr. Turner waving his hand said something about "as well stopping the tide" but the rest of the sentence was inaudible. He proceeded with the railway policy of the Government holding that they were opening up the Province. The Clement's Bill, which granted land for the Esquimalt Railway, granted more land than Mr. Dunsmuir had got and it did not exclude Chinamen either. He claimed that the civil service cost less per cent. now than ever it did, also that the revenue had been increased, and that while the Australian debt was $66 per head, it was only $6 per head in British Columbia. The Opposition accused the Government of raising the sectional cry, but he read from the resolutions of the Mainland Association, passed in October last to prove it started there. Concluding, he attacked the Opposition organ (the TIMES). He thought it was a great pity the Opposition had not a more reputable paper to uphold the party. He accused it of not only attacking him politically but also in his private business, which he asked the people of Victoria to condemn. On concluding he was applauded.

There were loud cries for "Bond." The chairman asked for order and introduced Mr. Duck.

Mr. Duck would not attempt to convince chronic opponents of the Government, but would speak to reasonable men. He claimed that the Government had done everything that could be desired in the way of erecting public buildings, and school houses etc., throughout the Province. Referring to financial matters, he excused the Government for refunding a portion of a tax to the Canadian Pacific Railway without notifying the Legislature within the proper time, and claimed that the Mayor and council of Victoria had found it also necessary to divert from the strict letter of the law. He could not say he blamed them. Discussing the school tax, he said people would to-morrow vote to pay the tax and retain the high school. He claimed that he had obtained the James Bay flats for the city, and twenty other lots at James [illegible] Square for the city, but thought it was better that the court house had been erected there. He had also selected the new jail site, and had done what he could for the city while in the Legislature. On concluding he was liberally applauded.

Mr. Dalby said he supported the Government because he believed their policy to be a progressive one. No measure passed by the Government he thought had been better for this city than the Redistribution Bill, and he censured Mr. Beaven for his attitude towards it. He was not altogether a stranger. He had worked for the interests of the city and had taken an active part in the construction of its water works. He asked for election to the Legislature and would promise to attend as well to the interests of the city and Province there.

Capt. Irving said he was a little nervous to-night and was not used to an audience like this. (Laughter.) I have discovered this much, he proceeded to say, that none of the candidates are as bad as they are painted by the other side, nor none so good as they were painted by their own side. The TIMES told him to come out and state his policy, and at the same time advised the electors to "snow him under." He did not see why he should give it away then (laughter). His friend Frank Richards accused him of taking up 60,000 acres of wild land, but he quoted the authority of Henry George for that (applause). He did not think that was as bad as selling Des Moines lots, which he claimed was robbery. To the workingman he wished to say that he would support the eight hour movement (laughter). He was right with them on that point. He would also support the single tax (loud laughter). He would support it as far as municipal revenue was considered, anyway. "If it meant your land or your life, we would have to fight them on that (laughter). "Let us see," said he, "what I have here," and the captain "laid to" for a few moments. The TIMES wanted to know about Mr. Turner and himself. Well Mr. Turner and himself had found out the secret of the bundle of sticks. Victorians could only get on by sticking together. He wished to say a word about Mr. West, because he was a single tax man (laughter). In the TIMES Mr. West advertised that he was taking up 640 acres of land at Queen Charlotte Islands. There was nothing wrong about that, he should have applied for more (laughter). The captain slowed down again to half speed when some one shouted "clear your throat, captain." Getting under way he said, you had better keep the Government you have got till you know where you are going to get another one (loud laughter). Well, gentlemen, trusting you will elect me and my friends, I leave the matter with you. The captain on concluding was loudly applauded.

There were loud calls for Bond and Davie. The chairman called for order and said Mr. Davie would address the meeting.

Hon. T. Davie on coming forward received some applause but was unable to speak till hissing had subsided. He proceeded to discuss the Lien law when large numbers rose and left the building. It appeared as if the audience was about to depart en masse, when Mr. Davie announced that he had copies of the Lien Act which he wished to distribute among them before they left. Copies of the B. C. Lien Act and the Oregon Lien Act were accordingly distributed by boys. Proceeding he said after all Mr. Wilson had said he had been quite willing to take the Government nomination, if it had been given him. Mr. Wilson had said he (Mr. D.) had drawn a County Courts Act which had received five different interpretations from five different judges. In reply to that he said these different opinions were all due to Mr. Wilson himself on account of a deed he had drawn in the case of Mr. Joshua Davies and Mr. Atwell King. (Mr. Davie's friends applauded this announcement.)

Mr. Wilson rose in the audience and said it was false. (Loud cheers and uproar.)

Mr. Davie proceeding, modified what he had previously said, but held Mr. Wilson responsible for the failure of the act in this case.

Mr. Wilson again rose in the audience. He was loudly called for, and amid great applause, ascended the platform.

The audience wanted Mr. Wilson to speak, but Mr. Davie having promised to give him a chance in a few minutes the former sat down. Mr. Davie again modified what he had said so much that the audience understood him to take it all back and derided him. He claimed the TIMES had admitted the justice of the school tax and concluded.

Mr. Wilson was called for and came forward amid cheers. He said at his meeting he had attacked neither Government nor Opposition. He had said let us tear ourselves away from the old partyism of the past and build up a new and better element in politics. At that meeting—his own meeting—Mr. Davie had attacked him politically, and had challenged him (Mr. Wilson) openly to disprove the merits of his (Mr. Davie's) legislative measures. He had pointed out two bills that Mr. Davie was responsible for, a County Court bill which no man could understand, which five judges could not interpret. For Mr. Davie to turn round and throw the blame on him was a base, a cowardly, an unmanly thing to do. Mr. Davie knew it was slander when he uttered it, that it was false. Mr. Davie was not merely contented with attacking him as a politician, but as a lawyer (Mr. Davie,—No). The fact of the matter was he and Mr. Davie was in the same box, retained in the same suit, and defending the same deed. Mr. Davie was retained because it was he who drew up the bill which had been referred to (loud cheers). Not a judge, however, could tell what it meant (more cheers). Mr. Davie brought up another bill at last session, not to deal with Mr. Joshua Davies' case, but to relieve several thousand dollars locked up in court at Westminster by his former Act (cheers again). Proceeding, he related the circumstances under which this famous deed had been drawn up, and claimed that Mr. Davie himself had defended it successfully in court. He then referred to the speakers of the evening. He asked if any one present had got a single idea of what they intended to do in future. Had they said anything to lead one to believe there was an idea in their whole four heads? [illegible] electors [illegible] whole Government ticket but this was the only subject upon which they all could agree (laughter). They were at loggerheads in business and outside of this question of the straight ticket could not agree in politics. If elected they will be found each pulling his own way and for his own interests. (The chairman here made some remark to Mr. Wilson to which the latter replied that he had given everyone an opportunity to speak at his (Mr. W.'s) meetings.)

Mr. Bond, the end man of the candidates' support on the platform, jumped to his feet on this statement, and came up to the footlights, but he was made to sit down. The audience would not hear him.

Mr. Wilson proceeding, said this was not the first time he had been interrupted by one of Mr. Davie's advisers. He had said on his platform that if he had been in the House when the royalty tax on mines was passed, he would have voted against it. The lawyer of any mining company could put his finger on that clause of the Act, and condemn the Railway Aid Bill from beginning to end. As he said to a member for a mining district, get a railway if you can, but for goodness ness sake don't give away everything to get it. He was loudly applauded on taking his seat.

Hon. Mr. Turner rose, and after he was able to be heard said there was a royalty on coal mines, and that did not hurt them.

Mr. Turner having concluded, moved a vote of thanks to the chairman, but the audience wanted to hear someone else. The motion for the vote of thanks could not be heard, the chairman left the chair, and the meeting broke up in great disorder.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 5 and another part (2 acres) of Section XXXII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 10th April, 1890. ap10-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 23 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLennan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 29th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. apr2-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 15th April 1890. ap16-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 38, 40, 41, 47, 267, 1190 the N. ½ of Lot 25, the easterly ½ of Lot 74, and parts of Lots 277 and 278 in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above mentioned lands will be issued to Walter Scott Chambers on the 9th day of August, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 7th May, 1890. my15-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Section 15, Township 5, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS MATHEWS.
BYRON HOLMES WEST.
THOMAS McFARLANE GRAHAM.
JAMES PUSEY.

May 15th 1890. my15-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, commencing at a stake on shore line, about two and a half miles, east south east, of Bonilla point, running north 10 chains; thence east 60 chains; thence south 10 chains; thence following shore line to point of commencement, containing 100 acres, more or less.

JOSIAH JAQUES.

Victoria, May 19th 1890. my19-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT thirty days after date, we, the undersigned intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease for timbering purposes, of the following tract of land in the West Kootenay District. Commencing at a post on the left bank of Fort Shepherd Creek about three miles from its mouth, on the western boundary of the meadow land reserved on behalf of the Kootenay Valleys Company in the Lower Kootenay Valley; thence due west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 3 miles; thence south 2 miles; thence east 3 miles; thence south 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to the western boundary of the reserved land; thence following south western boundary to the initial point; containing 7010 acres, more or less.

JOSHUA DAVIES.
W. P. SAYWARD.

Nelson, B. C., May 13, 1890. per C.W.B. my23-1m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INtend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land near Mission Valley Osoyoos division of Yale district, commencing at post, being south west corner of Wheland's purchase claim, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains thence west 40 chains thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement.

ROBERT MUNSON.

May 19th 1890. my20

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT THIRTY days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to establish a highway 33ft. wide from Bridge Crossing Creek near my house to join Mission trail about three miles north and passing through the south east corners of lots 202, 188 and 203, this route to be the public trail in lieu of the old one (abandoned for some years).

THOMAS ELLIS.

Penticton, May 14, 1890. m14-1m

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Gold in British Columbia,
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IN ORDER OF INTRODUCING MY IMproved sets of teeth, I will make a reduction of one third of cost for thirty days only beginning June 1st. They must be seen to be appreciated, as to looks and quality they cannot be excelled. They will not drop while eating or speaking. Inspect sample set and see testimonials from those wearing them. Remember you will not have this chance again after June 30th.

None but skillful operations performed.

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SINGLE TAX.

TO THE EDITOR.—We, the Single Tax men of Victoria, have been publicly characterized as thieves and robbers, enemies of society and the public peace, by an individual so obscure that were we to mention his name the public would scarcely know who was meant. Now, we are not disposed to say things which are unpleasant, even when true, but we may be pardoned for saying that were this individual's brain, especially his moral faculties, as well developed as his stomach, he would not indulge in such dishonest, indecent and immoral equibe.

Men who have brains deal in principles; men who have heads with rooms to let, indulge in assertion and assumption, misrepresentation and distortion.

The same obscure individual, who is scarcely known outside the circle of monopolists whose mercenary tool he is, and whose literary and mental productions are not known even to the city of Victoria, attempts to pass sentence upon and criticise the works of a master, Henry George, whose work "Progress and Poverty," has been translated into more languages than any other book except the Bible, and endorsed by the best of every land, including the noble Tolstoi. We are told by this mercenary mouth-piece of boodle manipulators, that Henry George and his followers (mostly, he informs us, laboring men) are the arch enemies of the poor laboring men and aim at taking from them their homes, which by the way as material progress goes on, very few of them, and where it has reached its highest, none of them possess. This apostate is despised, as any one knows who mingles among them by almost every intelligent workingman in Victoria, while their imputed enemy, Mr. George, is admired and loved by thousands, and wherever he goes thousands flock to hear him, charmed more by the truths he so simply presents than by his personality or his eloquence.

And now as to the principles, for the advocacy of which we have been called rubbers, enemies of society, etc., by this frying pan in which the filthy spew of conscienceless monopolists has been vomited, to be there cooked and meted out as intellectual food fit for working men. This is the office a certain individual fills and for which he receives pay.

Our fundamental principle is the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man. We believe that all men have equal natural rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. For this reason we believe that all men have equal natural rights to land, water and air, each of these elements being necessary to life and liberty. If one man owns the water or air, he would be the master of humanity, because they could only have access to these necessities of existence upon his conditions, and so it is with land. For, consider what ownership means. No one can say to me, without infringing my liberties, what I shall do with my watch because I have a right to it, the title being vested in me by the maker or producer, and the Government recognizes this right. But it does not recognize the same right to land. It says that upon certain pieces of ground only certain kinds of improvements can be made. If it wishes a right of way through any land whatever, it takes it, and if the owner objects he is told in effect, if not in so many words, that he only holds his land as a tenure from the crown or government. Now, if all men have equal rights to land, they also have equal rights to any particular portion of land.

We, also, instead of being socialists, as charged, and sticklers for the rights of property, our ides of property rights being based upon an eternal fundimental principle of justice. A man has a right to himself and the powers vested in himself, and consequently to the result of those powers when productively employed. This principle allows no modification, therefore what a man by his labor produces cannot be taken from him on any pretext whatever without a breach of equity. Hence our reason for calling our present method of taxing improvements robbery, because immediately the creative powers of man brings forth a thing in the shape of wealth we take away a part of it in the form of a tax.

I have shown above that all men have equal rights to any particular portion of land. Not only to those now living, but to those who will come after, does this apply. The earth having been given for the subsistence of the human race, the child that is born to-morrow will have just as good a right to any particular portion as we. Hence the impossibility of selling it forever, for if all men now living should unite in selling out their right to the earth to some inhabitant in the moon, they could not sell the right of the child who the next moment is born. Now as some portions of the earth's surface are more desirable on account of location or public improvement, or for some other reason, than others, and all are equally entitled to occupy them, but of course all cannot, there attaches to their exclusive occupancy or possession a privilege or advantage, a monopoly value, because a given amount of labor upon them will yield a greater return than a like amount of labor exerted upon the poorest piece of land in use, and will yield as rent all that a certain amount of labor exerted upon it will produce over and above what the same amount of labor will produce exerted upon the poorest land open to it without the payment of rent. The result is that under our present system some who monopolize the superior lands have an advantage over those possessing the inferior ones, to the extent that they can live and revel in the things which only labor gives any title to, because nature only gives up her treasures upon the application of labor. And yet they never labor. Here is an inequality of condition which all must admit is unjust, and from which all socialists shrink, and their monopoly is generally recognized as absolute ownership.

Now, how are these inequalities in man's conditions to be removed. Simply by taking all lands upon their natural advantage or monopoly value, and placing the proceeds in the public treasury in lieu of revenues now collected by taxing industry and robbing the producer.

It would work in this way. Suppose A had a piece of land on which, with a given amount of labor, he could produce say three; B had a piece on which for a like amount of labor he could produce six; and C had a piece, on which by an equal amount of exertion he could produce 10. Now, suppose A's land to be of that quality which is known in political economy as the margin of production, i. e., the best land open to him without the payment of rent. Let the numerals represent hundred dollars, A's land would not be taxed, be it ever so much improved, because it has no monopoly value; plenty of other land just as good to be had for nothing. B's land would have a monopoly value of three hundred dollars, because the value of the privilege he monopolizes is three hundred dollars more annually than that occupied by A, which is in reality no privilege. Now, upon the monopoly value we would place a tax of seven or eight per cent., say seven per cent., which would yield a revenue of $21 per year; C's portion having a monopoly value of seven hundred dollars would yield a revenue of $49. Even should no revenue be be needed, this tax should in justice be levied and given back to the people in the form of general benefits, for only by doing this can the conditions under which men live and labor be equalized.

By doing this we would only take from the laborer what the laborer apart from the landowner would in any event have to pay under any system of ownership, the amount of effectiveness given to labor on account of location or natural productiveness of the soil, and which in justice belongs to the community, as an offset to the privilege the possessor enjoys of monopolizing a superior portion of the earth's surface which in justice belongs to all. In this there would be no measureof injustice.

We have not space to carry this out practically to our present institutions, but will in our next endeavor to do so.

JACKSON, WEST & CO.

A RARE PICTURE OF NAPOLEON.

Taken Nineteen Years After the General's Death, When His Body Was Exhumed.

W. H. Green, of this city, has in his possession an exceedingly rare and curious portrait of Bonaparte, which was made after his body had been taken from the grave at St. Helena in 1840, after it had been buried for nineteen years. This is a remarkable picture, showing how perfectly the features were preserved so many years after death, and giving a striking view of the strong lines of his face.

The history of the picture is also remarkable. The portrait was made by an eminent French artist by order of Louis Philippe directly after the body had been exhumed at St. Helena. The original was a medallion about four inches in diameter, set in pearls. When Louise Philippe lost his throne and was obliged to leave France, one of his officers, who departed at the same time, took the medallion of Bonaparte and carried it away with other articles of value. The officer, whose name has been lost, came to Bath with Capt. William Drummond. The officer remained in Bath for over a year, and then went back to France, leaving the medallion in Capt. Drummond's care. Some years afterward Capt. Drummond received a letter from the officer asking that the picture be sent over to Paris to him. Dr. Isaac Ilsley Cummings, of this city, was commissioned by Capt. Drummond to convey the medallion to Paris.

When Dr. Cummings arrived there the city was again in confusion and he could not find the owner. He therefore retained the picture and brought it back to Portland. He returned it to Capt. Drummond, first having a daguerreotype copy of it made by the captain's permission. The original is now supposed to be in the possession of Capt. Drummond's daughter, who is an inmate of some religious institution in France, near Paris. The copy was kept by Dr. Cummings for thirty-five years or more, and was then given by him to William H. Green, of Prince's express, in this city, who still retains possession of it.

The daguerreotype is as perfect as the day it was taken, and shows not a sign of fading. The original may not be in existence, or it may possibly have been returned to the French government by Capt. Drummond's daughter. This does not appear likely, however, for if it had been some one would have seen it before this and reproduced it among the other portraits of Napoleon which are extant.

The picture has been shown to a number of Freemasons, among others, to one who saw Napoleon's body in 1840, when it lay in state at Paris. They all pronounce it a remarkable and striking likeness.—Portland (Me.) Cor. Philadelphia Press.

The Central Shoe Blacking institute in Berlin undertakes to clean boots and shoes for its clients as often as required between 6 a. m. and 9 p. m. for monthly payments at the rate of fifty cents a month for men and thirty-five cents for women. Half rates are given when several members of one family subscribe.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward's eldest son, Arnold, is said to be a literary prodigy. He is only 14 years of age. He recently sent an essay to a magazine and received a check for $50 and a letter of thanks. It is also said of him that he read "Robert Elsmere" during the first year of its existence.

In Maine spruce gum now brings to the men who gather it from $150 to $180 a barrel, according to quality. A barrel weighs about 175 pounds.

Voltaire was a most impatient writer, and usually had the first half of a work put in type before the second half was written.

A Michigan mathematician calculates that 17,500,000 people in the United States have had the grip.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DRESSES! :-- --: DRESSES!

A List in part of Dress Materials we carry, giving widths and prices.

COTTON MATERIALS.

PRINTS... 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 yd for	$1 00
GINGHAM.....7 and 10 " "	1 00
ZEPHYRS.....5 and 7 " "	1 00
SATEENS, Plain..5 and 7 " "	1 00
SATEENS, Figured....4 " "	1 00
TURKEY Red, Twilled and Plain (2 qualities).....	15 and 20
CHAMBRAYS, Plain...4 yd for	1 00
CHAMBRAYS, Bordered Robes (10 yds)..... each	3 75
COTTON PONGEES..4 and 8 yd	1 00
SWISS EMBROIDERED CHAMBRAY ROBES.....from	4 75
SWISS EMBROIDERED WHITE CHAMBRAY ROBES....from	4 85
EMBROIDERY FLOUNCINGS, latest designs, Hemstitching and Tucks.....from 50 to 2	40
Single width COTTON MIXTURES.....7, 8, 9 yd for	1 00

PLAIN AND FANCY WOOLLENS.

Single width WOOLLENS, 9 yd from.....	1$
44 in. CASHMERE, Newest Shades	50
40 " SERGE " "	40
42 " SERGE Splendid Range and Shades.....50 to	80
40 in. BROCADED CASHMERE or JACKARD, Light Shades...	90
40 in. FANCY STRIPE and CHECKS Different Shades...	80
42 in. PLAIDS and STRIPES...	65
40 " SATIN HENRIETTAS, 10 Shades, (Ask to see these).....	85

PATTERN DRESSES.

20 to 30 PATTERN DRESSES of different shades. These are deserving of special notice; they are of German manufacture and are excellent value at 12 00 to 16 00

A fine of EMBROIDERED ROBES in 10 different shades, very fine splendid value at... 15 00

WHITE AND CREAMS.

42 in. ETNA SERGE.....	55
40 " OATMEAL CLOTH.....	70
46 " CASHMERE or HENRIETA CLOTH.....	85
38-40 in. GRENADINE.....	1 00
40 in. SATIN HENRIETTAS....	85
42 " BROCADED SILK WARP.	1 75

BLACKS.

44-46 ALL WOOL CASHMERE.....9 yd, 55, 75, 90,	1 15
38 in SILK WARP HENRIETTAS (excellent qualities).....	1 30
38 in. BLACK ALPACA.....	45
42 " BLACK ALPACA.....	65
Single width ALPACA.....25 to	30
38-40 in. SATIN STRIPE GRENADINE.....	90
44 in. PLAID CRAPE CLOTH..	95
28 " Single width CRAPE CLOTHS.....	60
30 in Single width CRAPE CLOTH.....	65
40 in BLACK AMAZON.....	70
42 " PRETTY POLL, all wool...	65
40 " STRIPE CASHMERE, all wool.....	80
44 in STRIPE CASHMERE cotton warp.....	55
Single width BLACK WOOLLENS .....16 to	35

A good assortment of Linings and Trimmings, as well as a complete Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

We sell for CASH and aim to furnish such an article as will insure a customer's return.

Orders entrusted to us from the country will receive our best attention.

C. L. TERRY

CASH DRY GOODS

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets.

aug23

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,

GOVERNMENT STREET. mi7-6m

--: PRINTING :--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

39 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

ap17-1y

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUTLER A. HOLLAND. } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE:

25 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, **London, Eng.**

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

jel16-tf

A. J. ROWBOTHAM

Desires to notify the public that having purchased the business of

MR. J. C. DEVLIN,

Corner of Yates and Broad Streets,

HE IS

NO LONGER AT NO. 118 DOUGLAS STREET,

Although a sign bearing his name is still there.

June 7-1m

CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS DUNINGTON HAS OPENED HANDsome Dressmaking Parlors over Terry's Dry Goods Store, Yates and Broad streets, and is prepared to do first class work at moderate prices.

Fashionable styles and perfect fit guaranteed.

my30-1m

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

52 LANGLEY STREET.

178 acre farm on Somenos Lake, 4 roomed house with kitchen, workshop, barns etc. 1 acre is fruit trees, never failing creek running through the premises. 1 mile from Somenos station, ½ mile from church and school.

250 acre farm in South Quamichan District 14 acres cleared, 3 miles from station.

290 acres on Pender Island.

100 acres on Saanich Road.

Acreage property on the Esquimalt Road.

Acreage property on the Gordon Head and Cedar Hill Roads.

Lots on Spring Ridge, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets, etc.

Lots James Bay, Dallas Road and Beacon Hill.

Residences on Fort, View, Cook, Alfred and Henry streets and Rockland Avenue.

SMOKE

KURTZ & CO.'S

Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

my1-1m

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 7 a m
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m

For freight or passage apply on board. ve17

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,

Sailing effect March 31, 1890

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14.30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Gulf Island, Sunday at 8 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Steamer connect at New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 leaving New Westminster at 17.30 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Burrard Inlet Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 14.30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient encouragement offers.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 10 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - - - June 13th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer

EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every

MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

at 4 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Bush Point, Admiralty Inlet, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Dungeness, Port Discovery, Protection Island, Sequim Bay, Discovery Bay, Port Townsend, Whidbey Island, Utsalady, Oakes Bay, Skagit River, Fidalgo Island, Samish Bay, Lummi Bay, returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.

Tri-weekly Connections for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

ROBT. MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons).....
.....FRIDAY, June 20, 1890, 12 m.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New Steamer Iron Steamer

ALAMEDA.....SATURDAY, June 28, 1890, 12 m
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 5.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, General Manager.

E. E. PRIOR, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent.

RAILWAYS.

Tickets

ON SALE

—TO—

DENVER,

Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,

ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,

AND ALL POINTS

East, North and South.

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	... ...	12 00 m.
Leave Seattle	... ...	12 30 p.m.
Leave Port Townsend	... ...	6 00 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	... ...	10 00 p.m.
Leave Victoria	... ...	12 00 m.
Leave Port Townsend	... ...	3 30 p.m.
Leave Seattle	... ...	7 30 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	... ...	9 00 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—10.00 a.m.; 12.00 m.; *2.00 p.m.; 5.30 p.m.; 7.30 p.m.
Arrive Seattle—10.30 a.m.; 12.30 p.m.; *2.30 p.m.; 6.00 p.m.; 8.00 p.m.
Leave Seattle—7.00 a.m.; 10.00 a.m.; 12.00 m.; *2.00 p.m.; 5.30 p.m.; 7.30 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma—7.30 a.m.; 10.30 a.m.; 12.30 p.m.; *2.30 p.m.; 6.00 p.m.; 8.00 p.m.
Steamer leaving Tacoma 12.00 m. and Seattle at 2.00 p.m. connects with Steamer leaving Victoria 12.00 m. Steamer leaving Seattle at 7.30 p.m. connects with Steamer leaving Victoria 12.00 m.
*Sundays excepted.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle—10.00 a.m.; 2.00 p.m.; 5.30 p.m.
Arrive Olympia—12.30 p.m.; 4.30 p.m.; 8.00 p.m.
Leave Olympia—7.00 a.m.; 12.00 m.; 5.00 p.m.
Arrive Seattle—9.30 a.m.; 2.30 p.m.; 7.30 p.m.
Steamer leaving Seattle 10.00 a.m. connects with Steamer leaving Olympia 12.00 m. Steamer leaving Olympia 5.00 p.m. connects with Steamer leaving Seattle 7.30 p.m.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 8.30 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Chair Cars and Coaches to Huntington, Ogden, Grand Junction and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Paul or Chicago.

"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7.30 p.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

C. J. FISHER, Freight and Passenger Agent, No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

THE

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the Best by Odds

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, exclusively,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CAR, less than one to each Sleeper, and in which accommodations are $7.00 for holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations, to be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of the Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St., cor. Washington, Portland, Or.

E. C. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line

RUNNING

SOLID TRAINS

FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST

CONNECTION AT

Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.

THROUGH TICKETS

To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.

Passengers booked

To and from all European Points

For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address

A. CAMERON,
Pass. and Frgt. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Pass. and Frgt. Agents,
Vancouver. ma28

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company.

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Palace Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains running

Daily Excursions

Fine Palace Dining Cars

Where meals are served a la carte.

T. H. GOODMAN,
Gen. Pass. Agt., San Francisco.

E. P. ROBERTS,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Or.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 32 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line
Two weeks	25 " "
One month	50 " "
Three months	75 " "
Six months	$1 50 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.00; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY;

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

VICTORIA CITY ELECTION

The Opposition Candidates.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
JOHN GRANT,
GEORGE L. MILNE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr.

THE MEDIEVAL TAX ON MINES.

After listening to the speeches last night, and making due allowance for our partisanship, we are forced to say, alas, that we see no reason why the Government should be supported. Yesterday, we submitted several measures for which the Government is responsible, and we held that the endorsation of the same could only be accounted for on the score of dishonesty or ignorance. These measures were passed in review last night and an effort was made to justify them. The justification seemed to us inadequate, and, we believe that the same impression was left on the audience. Mr. TURNER'S defence of the royalty clause was an attempt at elaboration and plausibility. But Mr. TURNER'S effort was that of an attempt to make the tail wag the dog when you come to inquire into mining in all its phases. As the TIMES has pointed out before, railways develop farms, but mines develop railways. If the mineral is in the country the mines will be developed and railways follow as a natural consequence. Then again, the output of a mine and the profits over and above the cost of working can only be ascertained by an inspection of the company's books. What company is going to stand this species of inquisition? The fact of the matter is, royalties have become obsolete. ELIZABETH, JAMES I., and CHARLES II., all three are dead. The Government, however, do not seem to be aware of it. They are medieval to the core.

THE UNEQUAL SCHOOL TAX.

THEO. as usual, quoted the TIMES last night, with the intent to make a point against it in the matter of the school tax. The quotation, however, was garbled, that is, its meaning was deftly misapplied. Mr. DAVIE should know that there is a difference between a moral and legal right. As a legal procedure, the act unquestionably affords a dangerous precedent, and we firmly believe that it is unconstitutional. The TIMES believes that if the precedent afforded by this act is sustained it will give the Legislature the legal right to increase the tax to any amount they chose. There are, indeed, some fine distinctions to be drawn as to the extent the legal merges into the moral, and to present them properly would require more space than we have to spare. Generally speaking, however, owing to the sparseness of the population in this Province, it may be urged as a moral proposition, that Victoria would have especial educational advantages she might well stand more taxation than could be legally imposed. There is a vast difference, however, what Victoria might stand from a moral point of view, and what she might stand viewed from an ostensibly legal proceeding. The law in all [illegible] order, external harmony; it has nothing to do with internal considerations. In the special tax a moral duty, a question of equity, is forced on to the city by an act of questionable legality. In other words Parliament has undertaken to settle a question of equity by a presumably inequitable proceeding, and if the precedent is sustained this city or any other city may be mulcted in any amount if the legislature sees fit to impose it. That this is a dangerous position for a city to be in there can scarcely be a difference of opinion. If the legislature may impose a $6,000 tax it may impose a $60,000 tax. If a tax of $60,000 is constitutional the city has no rights which the legislature are bound to respect. Thus we have it in a nut shell. The law should be repealed, and the cities should take it upon themselves to impose a tax for educational purposes as they would in the case of a sewer or any kind of public work. Education is our fetich, and the people will stand taxing for it, but let the legislature impose a tax as it might from the precedent thus afforded, for the improving of Beacon Hill and a howl would go up from James Bay which only the privy council could assuage.

THE HON. J. H. TURNER ON THE CHINESE QUESTION.

The Hon. J. H. TURNER, when speaking at the theatre, charged Mr. BEAVEN with neglect in not excluding Chinese from the mines. This, as usual, is a base slander. The Journals of the Legislature are full of the efforts made by Mr. BEAVEN and others on the Chinese question, but Mr. TURNER is found to have voted against them, and in favor of the Chinese. With regard to the special branch of the Chinese question, the Journals show that on the 3rd April, 1886, Mr. ORR introduced an Act to prevent Chinese obtaining a Free Miner's certificate. The six months' hoist was carried on the following division:

Against the six months' hoist—DRAKE, GRANT, HELGESEN, BEAVEN, T. DAVIE, JOHN SEMLIN, ROBSON, RAYBOULD, [illegible]

For the six months' hoist—MCTAVISH, COWAN, GALBRAITH, DUNSMUIR, ORR, CUNNINGHAM, POOLEY, DAVIE, A. E. B. ALLEN, DINGWELL, C. WILSON, MCLEESE, DRAKE—13. So Mr. ORR voted against his own bill.

In the session of 1887, Mr. BEAVEN moved an amendment to the Bill, which offered a bonus or guarantee to a company erecting a quartz mill, to the effect that Chinese were not to be employed. Mr. TURNER voted against it.

In the same session Mr. BEAVEN introduced an Act to prevent Chinese acquiring mineral claims. This also was voted down with Mr. TURNER'S assistance.

In 1884 Mr. BEAVEN introduced an Act to prevent Chinese from acquiring Crown land or recording mineral claims. The portion of the Bill with reference to the Crown lands was passed, but that part which would have prevented Chinese recording mineral claims was struck out.

WHEN MR. CHARLES WILSON WAS A LEGISLATOR.

AS Mr. CHARLES WILSON claims to be a friend of the workingman, and favorable to the interests of Victoria, we will place before our reader a few of the votes he cast in the Legislature when representing Cariboo.

The Homestead Act exempts from seizure for debt, household goods, etc, up to $500. In 1883 Mr. CHARLES WILSON voted for an act to reduce the amount to $150, unless an inventory had been filed and other procedure complied with, which would compel a poor man to employ a lawyer to take advantage of the exemption.

Mr. WILSON voted for the "Legal Professions Act," which practically gave the lawyers a monopoly of the business for many years. The late Mr. RAYBOULD introduced a Bill to prevent Chinese from using powder in a coal mine, or from mining coal. Mr. WILSON seconded the motion which killed the Bill. In 1883 Mr. ROBSON brought in an amendment to the School Act, which would have largely reduced the power of the trustees, and imposed fees upon the pupils attending the High School in Victoria, which fees were to be paid into the Provincial treasury. Mr. WILSON voted for the second reading of the bill, and yet he has the assurance to tell the electors that if he had been in the House when the Government imposed the present charge on the cities for one-third of the teachers' salaries, on the plea that the cities should pay for the High School, that he would have voted against it. Actions speak louder than words. Electors of Victoria, make a note of this.

It will be remembered that when the Settlement Bill was before the House, the Mainland members were induced to vote for it by the promise that the money received from the sale of the dock should be spent on the Mainland. When a motion was made for a committee of enquiry into this matter, Mr. C. WILSON assisted in burking the investigation and voted against it. Mr. WILSON was one of the most active to whitewash the Government on every occasion, notably in the Port Simpson land scandal, where facts were proved which should have condemned every man connected with [illegible]

The increased salary grab by Ministers received Mr. WILSON'S support. The bill to prevent Chinese from working under ground in coal mines in 1885 was defeated with Mr. C. WILSON'S assistance. The efforts of the Government to keep the public accounts from being printed was supported by Mr. WILSON; and a motion to have a return made to the Legislature of the revenue received in a printed form properly classified for the first six months of the fiscal year, was absolutely voted down in 1886 upon the following division: YEAS—SEMLIN, GRANT, HELGESEN, GALBRAITH, BEAVEN, MCLEESE—6. NAYS—COWAN, ORR, T. DAVIE, POOLEY, SMITHE, A. E. B. DAVIE, ALLEN, DINGWELL, WILSON, CUNNINGHAM, DRAKE, ROBSON, DUCK, MARTIN, DUNSMUIR, RAYBOULD—16.

Mr. WILLOX voted for the Medical Act, which Mr. WEST so strongly condemned at Mr. WILSON'S meeting at the Theatre.

The Government made a grant of 6,000 acres of land to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the present site of the city of Vancouver. They claimed that they did so under a section of the Land Act giving the Executive Council the power to make free, or partially free, grants of land. An amendment, was offered to this section of the Land Act, making such concessions subject to the approval of the Legislature. This was a very proper amendment but the Government voted it down with the aid of Mr. CHARLES WILSON and Mr. DUCK.

In 1886, Mr. ORR brought in an Act to prevent Chinese from taking out a miner's license, and thus holding mining ground. Mr. WILSON voted for the six months' hoist, which was carried and the bill defeated.

THE ACT TO PREVENT CHINESE FROM ACQUIRING CROWN LANDS.

The organ says that the Government passed an act in 1884 to prevent Chinese from acquiring Crown lands. The journals of the Legislature must be incorrect, or the Colonist is as usual doing that for which Miss CAMERON inflicts corporal punishment. The journals record that on 30th January, 1884, Mr. BEAVEN introduced an act to prevent Chinese from acquiring Crown lands or making records under the Mineral Act. The bill was read a second time on 6th February, 1884, and committed, where the sections referring to making records under the Mineral Act were eliminated, and the title changed to "An Act to prevent Chinese from acquiring crown lands." The bill was read a third time on 11th February, 1884, and became law on 18th February, 1884.

NO GOOD CAN COME OUT OF THE GOVERNMENT ISRAEL.

It is charged by the Government organs that the TIMES is unreasonable in its opposition to the Government, that it is not prepared to admit that any good can come out of Israel. A charge of this character if sustained detracts from any virtue there may be in the TIMES arguments against the Government, and naturally the TIMES repudiates it. Nevertheless, the TIMES submits as a reasonable proposition that it cannot in consonance with decent mental acumen extract much from the Government policy of the last four years which would inspire confidence, or for that matter invite charitable treatment. In the Government's treatment of local questions, where a distinct personal animus is not in plain sight, we have an exhibition of ignorance or a deliberate catering to corporate interests so palpable that anything but uncompromising opposition would seem a case of misplaced confidence. We cannot reconcile the Constitution Act with honesty, we cannot reconcile the $200 deposit for candidates with democracy, we cannot reconcile the mining royalty clause with the simplest principles of business, we cannot reconcile the mineral act with common sense, we cannot reconcile section nine of the school act with anything else than an effort at supreme power, and finally we discover in the special school tax a precedent for spoliation, which if not the result of a deep laid scheme, is the direct consequence of monumental stupidity. Bearing in mind all these things, little good in our estimation can come out of Israel, and when a candidate running independent lays down as a part of his doctrine the dim possibility that anything can emanate from the Government which he can conscientiously support, we are bound to regard his loyalty to independence with a suspicion proportionate to our personal knowledge of his character and antecedents. We hail with pleasure the independent spirit that has sprung up. A half loaf is better than no loaf, but hail the Independents declared themselves oppositionists, we should feel that there was less danger of cabals, that a definite policy was in store, and that it would be intelligently carried out.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Considering that the Government holds themselves to be the Government par excellence, broad in their views, and capable in point of executive ability, it is somewhat strange that the [illegible] of the Public Accounts committee report should have been delegated to Mr. BEAVEN. It seems to us that the Government members in entrusting the getting up of this important report to Mr. BEAVEN, tacitly admit their incompetency. Mr. TURNER failed to score a point for the Government when he urged that the first report of the public accounts committee was the handiwork of the Opposition leader.

W. DALBY. C. G. BALLENTYNE. FRED. J. CLAXTON.

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

AGENTS—British Columbia Fire Insurance Company. The Royal Canadian Fire Insurance Company.

HAVE ON THEIR LIST FOR SALE:

3 Acres and House on Garbally Road, price	$11,000
5¼ Acres on Saanich Road, Lake Hill District (Fine site for a country hotel)	1,000
6½ Acres, Esquimalt District	8,000
2 shares in syndicate on Fowl Bay Road	900
3 Lots on Gorge Road, 60 x 120, each	850
1 Acre on Oak Bay Avenue	1,800
1 Lot on Niagara Street, 56 x 120	750
1 Lot on Bellot Street	1,000
1 Lot on Scoresby Street	1,000
2 Lots on Cook Street, each	1,250
2 7-10 Acres and House on Victoria Harbor	7,000
House and Lot on Fernwood Road	1,200
2 Lots on Cedar Hill Road for	650
4 Lots on Pandora Avenue at	850
1 Lot on Pandora Avenue	550

Lots and Acres in Nelson, B.C., Port Angeles,

PORT CRESCENT, PORT TOWNSEND.

THE REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

64 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

F. G. Richards, Jr., Real Estate & Financial Broker

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST

51 YATES STREET, - VICTORIA.

WORTH KNOWING, WHERE TO BUY CHEAPEST.

W. & J. WILSON

Are selling their splendid new stock of

SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS, UNDERWEAR,

WATERPROOFS AND BOYS' CLOTHING, ETC.,

AT BEDROCK PRICES.

Richardson, Heathorn & Jones

MANUFACTURERS' AND IMPORTERS' AGENTS,

Representing the Following Firms:

WILSON, MATHESON & CO., Glasgow, Scotland.	Manufactures of Umbrellas, Rubber Goods, and a general line of Gent's Furnishing goods. Trunks and Valises a specialty with this house.
STEPHENSON & BEVERAGE, Kirkaldy, Scotland.	Manufacturers of Linoleums and Floor Oil Cloths, also Squares any size or design, with borders to match.
THE ROSEMOUNT COMB MFG. CO., Ltd., Aberdeen, Scotland.	Having secured the complete range of this renowned house, we, for the first time place their goods on the Canadian market.
GILBERT LINING MANUFACTUR'G CO. New York.	We carry a complete line of samples from this celebrated maker, including Dressmakers linings and Tailor's trimmings.

JOHN CRAY & CO., Glasgow and London, Wholesale Confectioners and Preserve Makers.

We have already received a complete range of new fall Woolens, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Hosiery, Gloves, etc. Also a consignment of the latest novelties in Jewelry, both solid and plated.

All orders will receive our prompt attention. Our representatives will be out with full samples at an early date, and trust they will be favored with a share of your patronage. Yours respectfully,

RICHARDSON, HEATHORN & JONES,

42 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

my15d w tf

POLL EVERY VOTE.

Everyone who has an interest in Victoria should see that every vote in the city is polled to-morrow. It is the vote that is polled in the different districts to-morrow which will tell the truth better than anything else.

HOW MR. WILSON EXPLAINS IT.

According to Mr. Wilson the Government candidates who privately are are very bad friends, have merely combined for which they expect to make out of politics. The suspicious circumstances under which they have recently joined their forces was explained by Mr. Wilson at last night's meeting as follows. IF ELECTED (THE GOVERNMENT TICKET) THEY WILL BE EACH FOUND PULLING HIS OWN WAY AND FOR HIS OWN INTEREST.

So the old enemies have combined their forces so that "each may pull for his own interest"!!

It is reported that on account of the great strength developed by Mr. Wilson during the past few days, the supporters of the government will drop one of the names on the ticket and go for him. It is expected if this is done that Mr. Wilson will be elected.

OPPOSITION, STAND FAST.

We would impress on the minds of the friends of the Opposition the necessity of united action to-morrow. On no condition, we think, should the supporters of the Opposition interfere in the family quarrels of the Government. If they have disagreed among themselves, and wish to tear each other to pieces politically, let them tear away, but the Opposition should hold themselves aloof from so unseemly a proceeding. Besides, the Opposition party should be true to itself and its candidates. Four good men were induced to offer themselves in the interest of the party—four men of irreproachable record,—who should receive our first and every consideration. Let us not be deceived this time by the many skilfully laid plans, but be true to our friends, and go into the contest to-morrow shoulder to shoulder. It is admitted by all that Mr. Grant and Mr. Beaven will be elected, but it will be useless to send them to the Legislature alone. Therefore we say by all means VOTE THE STRAIGHT OPPOSITION TICKET.

MR. C. WILSON AND THE SAANICH RAILWAY.

Mr. Charles Wilson has a great deal to say about the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and one would suppose he was one of its warmest advocates. But when he had a vote in the Legislature a company called the Victoria and Saanich Railway Co., of which the Hon. A. De Cosmos was the principal promoter, obtained a charter, and applied to the Government for aid in the way of a subsidy. The Government introduced an Act granting a subsidy *to any incorporated company* which built a railway from Victoria to Shoal Harbor, North Saanich. The Act was introduced in this manner so as to enable the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway to get the subsidy. Mr. McTavish who then represented North Saanich, moved to strike out "any incorporated railway Co." and insert "The Victoria and Saanich Railway Co." Mr. Charles Wilson, T. Davie, C. E. Pooley and John Robson assisted in defeating Mr. McTavish's amendment, and the bill became of no use to Mr. DeCosmos.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A curious feature of both Mr. Turner's and Mr. Duck's speeches last night was, that they attempted to excuse the charge of bribing electors with their own money on the ground that Mayor Grant was guilty of such practice himself. Now we appeal to the common sense of the electorate, that, granting Mayor Grant is guilty of bribery, which he is not, the Government would not be justified in emulating him. In this matter of bribery the moral obtuseness of the Government is remarkable. Instead of denying it or attempting to disprove it, they seek to crawl out of the scrape by alleging that the Opposition is as deep in the mud as they are in the mire. It seems to us that this variety of moral philosophy might, like corporal punishment, be thundered against from the pulpit. After the election is over, when the clergy can no longer harm their friends by a disquisition on political morality, we suggest that the subject be taken up and thoroughly threshed out. Men who attempt to excuse their sins on the score of their neighbors being equally guilty, it seems to us are proper subjects for ecclesiastical animadversion.

What It Will Do.

1 to 2 bottles of B. B. B. will cure headache.
1 to 2 bottles of B. B. B. will cure biliousness.
1 to 4 bottles of B. B. B. will cure constipation.
1 to 4 bottles of B. B. B. will cure dyspepsia.
1 to 6 bottles of B. B. B. will cure bad blood.
1 to 6 bottles of B. B. B. will cure scrofula.
In any case relief will be had from the first few doses.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

INFORMATION WANTED.

To the Editor:—I would like to ask Dr. Morrison why he was not present at either of the investigations held by the trustees? PARENT.

CAPT. IRVING'S CHARGES.

To the Editor:—Why did the Hon. Mr. Turner not explain the Lakme case in his speech last night? He was accused by Capt. Irving of taking away business from Victoria and thereby injuring the workingmen of Victoria by bringing in foreign crafts to do the coasting business. Why did he not explain whether these charges were true or not? That would have been to the point, whereas senseless abuse of the Times was not to the point. VOTER.

DR. G. L. MILNE TO THE ELECTORS.

To the Editor.—I have been handed a fly sheet, in which the single tax men announce their candidates. All the Opposition candidates appear on it excepting myself.

In case any misunderstanding should arise among my friends, I wish to state that the selection was not unanimous among the single tax men, and that the dodger is issued for the purpose apparently of beating me. I would ask my friends to rally round the standard bearers to-morrow and vote the straight Opposition ticket, Beaven, Grant, Milne, Richards.

G. L. MILNE.

MR. DUCK'S CONSISTENCY.

To the Editor.—To the ordinary listeners to Mr. Duck's lofty addresses in the so-called Government meeting last night, it would seem that his care for the public interests and morals of the city of Victoria were the chief sources from which he drew his inspiring thoughts, but to one better versed in the history of the city a little inconsistency appears. Mr. Duck through his energy and enterprise has accumulated considerable property in this city for which all honor is due him, but at the same time all good citizens and especially those so full of noble sentiment are naturally supposed to administer those possessions to the honor of the city as well as to personal advantage. As it is pretty well known Mr. Duck has for several years derived a nice income from the rental of considerable property on a well known Broad street of this city. But Mr. Duck must be well aware that the uses to which this property is put are not by any means conducive to the morals of the city of Victoria. You will pardon me for taking up so much space, I merely wished to show that consistency is a jewel even in Duck. A VOTER.

MR. MORRISON'S LOSSES.

To the Editor.—We notice in your issue of to-night an article in reference to the arbitrators on the stock of Mr. Geo. Morrison. The facts of the case are these: We were appointed to estimate the damage by water; we carefully went through the stock with the assistance of Mr. Morrison's clerk, whom we requested to direct our attention to anything which we, not being familiar with the premises, might overlook. In addition to the award in money, we also recommended the agent of the insurance company to replace the linoleum carpet, etc., and also put the fixtures in thorough repair, which he agreed to do. Mr. Morrison's grievance is that we did not make any award for goods stolen or lost during removal to Mr. Gordon's store, which insurance companies do not allow. With regard to loss of time and trade, it is hardly necessary for us to say that this is something which insurance companies do not insure against.

T. M. HENDERSON,
Arbitrator for Mr. Morrison.
THOS. SHOTBOLT,
Arbitrator for Insurance Co.

DAVIE AND THE COLONIST CORRECTED.

To the Editor:—I wish to correct a statement made by Mr. Theo. Davie at Mr. Wilson's meeting on Tuesday evening, according to the report published in the Colonist yesterday morning. Mr. Davie said that I "had accused him of keeping back the application to vote of one James Dutton." Every gentleman who heard me on the occasion referred to knows that I did not accuse Mr. Davie of doing anything of the kind; I did not even say that Mr. Davie knew anything of the application. The Colonist this morning publishes an editorial headed, "A Slander Exposed," in which I am taken to task by that unfair, malicious, subsidised organ for not making the "amende honorable." The Colonist has again, by its editor been made the channel of circulating a base falsehood, in fact, a deliberate lie, in the same manner as he did when criticising my remarks on the "Single Tax" question. Any one can see a report of what I said at the meeting on Saturday night in respect to Mr. Dutton's application in the Times of Monday last. Who ever heard of the Colonist being fair to an opponent? No one! JOHN GRANT.

Baby Carriages.

A fine line of baby carriages and wagons, at Shore & Anderson's, 107 Douglas street.

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street.

"Tales of Western Life."

By H. R. A. Pocock, is for sale by Gill & Co., 46 Government St. at 25 cents.

Elocution and the culture of the voice. Frederic Adderley, Professor of Elocution (prize medalist, 1882) gives lessons in the above. Amateurs coached. For terms address 115 Government St.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

F. Richards, the Champion Boot Black, formerly with W. Whittaker, has taken an 18 months lease of the [illegible] street, opposite the Poodle Dog. Call and get a patent leather shine.

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 50 cts. per tin. Adderley, 115 Government St.

Every subscriber to "The Dominion Illustrated," Canada's pictorial weekly, is insured for $500 in case of death by accident. Yearly subscription $4.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents.

NEW SUMMER

Dress Goods

RECEIVED THIS DAY AT

THE WESTSIDE

New Broche and Checked Lustrines,
Brilliant Alpacas,
Fancy French Foulles,
New Shades in Henriettas,
Black Silk, Broche and Plain Grenadines,
India Cashmere and Foulle.

ALSO

Mantles, Jackets, Jerseys, Bustwraps, Dressing Gowns, &c.

ALSO BLACK SILK NEEDLE RUN LACE SCARFS FROM $2.50 TO $15 EACH, BEAUTIFUL GOODS.

Also White and Colored Embroidered Handkerchiefs

PRETTY AS A PICTURE.

ALSO PARASOLS.

Some more to hand. As these have arrived absurdly late, we propose to sell our whole stock at 25 per cent. off regular prices.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

June 4

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.
june6-ly

BOOTH'S GENUINE

QUININE WINE!

The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS

IN SUCH DISEASES AS

Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

LANGLEY & CO., 21 and 23 YATES ST.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

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THE BEST BUILDING SITES

FOR SALE IN VICTORIA.

UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters—lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.

BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.

H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

Campbell & Simpkins

HAVE RECEIVED FIRST INVOICE OF

SPRING GOODS.

Latest Styles, Latest Fashion Plates. 88 Government Street.

A BY-LAW

To Further Amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS it is expedient to further amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889;

BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the City of Victoria as follows:

By adding after section 10, schedule A of the said by-law the following section: "10a. Every person carrying on the business of a fur trader or fur dealer, $50 for every six months."

By adding after the figures "10" in the next line of said section 10, schedule A, of the said by-law, the words and figures "and 10a," and by striking out the word "and" preceding the said figures "10."

By adding after section 11 of the said schedule A of the said by-law the following sections, "11a," Every proprietor or manager of any theatre for each exhibition $10. "11b." Every express company, gas company, telephone company, electric light company, street railway or tramway company, $50 for every six months. 11c. Every investment and loan society, $50 for every six months.

This by-law may be cited as the "Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 14th day of May, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1890.

[L.S.] JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

MUNICIPAL.

THE ATTENTION OF PARTIES INTERESTED is hereby called to Section 2 of the "Johnson Street Sewer By-law 1890," which reads as follows:

"It shall not be lawful for any person or persons to make or construct any drain or sewer to connect with the water way known as Johnson Street Ravine, and all private sewers now connecting with the said ravine shall be within thirty days (30) after the passage of this By-law filled up and obstructed."

Persons having such sewerage connection to their premises are hereby notified to make good and thorough drainage connection forthwith either directly, or by lateral drain, with the Johnson Street Sewer, under the superintendence of the Drainage Committee, as the Board of Aldermen on behalf of the Corporation of the City of Victoria hold themselves free from damage or loss in case any party or parties fail to observe the conditions of the "Johnson Street Sewer By-law 1890."

Any violation of the provisions of the above by-law will be dealt with according to law.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Hall, May 23, 1890.

NOTICE.

ANY PERSON WISHING A copy of the consolidated by-laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria can obtain the same at the City Hall upon payment of $2.00.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER.
City Hall, May 28, 1890.

Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!

We have just received by the last steamer a large assortment of China and Japan bazaar goods and a full line of

Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,
SHAWLS, SATIN SCREENS,
MORNING GOWNS.
—ALSO—
Porcelain Tea Sets,
Colored Mattings,
Tea, Bronze and Sandalwood Goods,
WHICH WE WILL SELL AT
THE LOWEST PRICES

Hoping you will give us a call, we remain very respectfully yours,

KING TYE CO., 8 Cormorant Street,
VICTORIA, B. C.

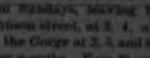
SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,
125 Gov't Street.

GORGE FERRY.



STERNWHEEL STEAMER

FLORENCE,

Will positively make regular trips to and from the Gorge on Sundays, leaving Tilbot's wharf, foot of Johnson street, at 2, 4, and 6.30 p. m. Will leave the Gorge at 3, 5, and 8.30 p.m. during the summer months. Fare 25 cents.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER,

THE

Steamer Georgie.

Apply at Match Factory, Rock Bay, or address P. O. Box 141.

THOS. HENDRY.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-:-ON PARK ROAD-:-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

AND

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

REFRIGERATORS,

Ice Cream Freezers,

LEMON SQUEEZERS,

Carpet - Sweepers,

Oil Stoves, etc., etc.

McLENNAN & McFEELY,

70 YATES STREET.

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 500 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

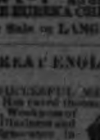
Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap.

Rollers and Drills for Hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,

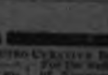
William Powell.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. For Sale by LANGLEY & Co., Victoria.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.



A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, [illegible] all diseases caused [illegible] youth. [illegible] Sold by [illegible] Detroit, Mich. [illegible] LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C.

Norman's Electro Curative Belts & Insoles. UNEQUALLED. [illegible] Established 1874. Consultation and [illegible] free. A. Norman, M.E., 4 Queen St. E., Toronto, Ont. N.B.—These Appliances are largely imitated, but never equalled.

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD

[illegible]

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN

OPTICIAN [illegible]

An Artist Against His Will.

The walls of the former palace of the bey of Constantine are adorned with extraordinary frescoes of the rudest and most inartistic designs. The story of their origin is curious enough. Ahmed, the last bey of Ksentina (Constantine) was anxious to have the walls of his palace decorated with oil paintings, but notwithstanding the most diligent search in the city and neighborhood, no native artist could be found who was capable of carrying out his wishes. In this dilemma it occurred to him to intrust the execution of this difficult task to a French prisoner, a shoemaker by trade, who was employed as a slave in the palace. He promised to restore him to liberty.

The poor wretch, who knew well how to ply the awl and the "wax end," but had not the faintest notion how to mix colors or handle a brush, humbly and piteously declared over and over again that he was utterly unworthy of the great honor. It availed him nothing, for the bey exclaimed: "All Frangi (Frenchmen) can paint so I am told; get to work this instant or I will have your head lopped off!" In fear and trembling our new fledged artist took up the brush and paint pot, and spurred on by mortal terror his laboring fancy produced those truly wonderful frescoes. With anxious expectation he now waited to hear what his master would say to his performance. The bey came, he saw and approved. "This fellow wanted to deceive me," he said, "but I knew that all Frangi were liars." And true to his word, he set the honest cobbler free.—Ueber Land und Meer.

The Magnificence of Berlin.

Berlin is today one of the most splendid capitals of Europe, hardly surpassed even by Paris in grandeur, and, with its population of 1,500,000, is the second city of the continent in size and the first in industrial rank. It is growing with the pace of a Chicago, and every year beholds enormous areas of the surrounding sand plains covered densely with the new houses of the expanding city.

The principal streets of Berlin are nearly all paved with asphalt, and they are such marvels of cleanliness and smoothness that one feels the same respect for them as for a nice drawing room, and scruples to litter them even with a scrap of paper. The most frequented ones are literally washed and scrubbed every night. After being wet down a few men or boys proceed along the road, pushing before them pieces of board set diagonally on a pole, with a strip of rubber on the lower side. The mud is thus transferred from the course of one man to another and finally left in the gutter, whence it is removed. The consequent freedom of the city from dust is very marked.—Cor. Mexican Financier.

A Point for Chronologists.

"Do you notice," queries a reader of The Breakfast Table, "how prevalent the idea is, even among newspaper men, that we are in the last decade of the century?"

It is a common error to which the correspondent alludes, but a moment's thought cannot fail to set one right. From the opening of the Christian era to the year 10 certainly formed the the first decade of modern chronology, and the second decade began with the year 11. The First century ended with the close of the year 100, and the Second century began with the opening of the year 101. So the Nineteenth century began with January 1, 1801, and will close with December 31, 1900. The last decade of the Nineteenth century will not begin, then, until January 1, 1891. Nevertheless, people for the rest of this year will insist that we have entered upon the last decade of the century.—Boston Advertiser.

For Baggy Trousers.

Ever since it was discovered that it took nine tailors to make a man, the knights of the shears have puzzled their brains to find a remedy for trousers bagging at the knees. Countless appliances have been used, but none of them seem to fill the bill, and a fortune awaits the tailor who invents something practicable in this line. It has been reserved for a New York firm, however, to partly remedy this evil, and that is to press the trousers of their customers, say once a week. Messengers are sent around to the houses of the patrons of the firm, and the trousers are taken to the store and pressed for $10 a year. This makes a very moderate outlay for considerable improvement in the appearance of a man, and it may prove to be the solution of the vexed problem.—New York Times.

A Just Monarch.

A very good example is set by the Emperor William in dispensing the same weight and the same measure in military cases to all offenders, and it would be well if it were followed in this country. Recently a soldier complained of ill treatment by Count Pfeil, a second lieutenant in his regiment, and after a court martial that officer was sentenced to a fourteen days' arrest. The sentence was dispatched to the emperor for confirmation, with minutes of the evidence, and his majesty quashed the proceedings, as he considered the sentence to be altogether inadequate to the offense; and the result of a new trial was that the count was ordered to be imprisoned in a fortress for eight weeks.—London Truth.

Egyptian Stockings.

The Egyptians of the present—[illegible] as well as Arabs—[illegible] with bare feet. The ancient Egyptians, on the contrary, who are now only to be seen in a dried condition in museums, possessed a very good method of knitting stockings, as is shown in the collection at the Louvre, in Paris. In the grave of a mummy there was found a pair of knitted stockings, which gave the surprising evidence, firstly, that short stockings, resembling socks, were worn by the ancient Egyptians; and secondly, that the art of knitting stockings had already attained great perfection in ancient Egypt.—New York Ledger.

THE DEAD MARCH IN SAUL.

I hear it yet, that requiem for the dead—
The roll of muffled drums, the measured beat,
Like a world's pulse, of countless marching feet
Advancing slow with loud and louder tread.
The mournful thunder crashes overhead,
And seems with far off echoes to repeat
The rumble of the cannon in the street,
Pealing the knell for him whose soul has sped.
The long procession passes on its way,
The lightning flashes faintly through the gloom,
Above the thunder's growl the charger's neigh
Comes shrill upon the wind, the cannon boom
Their last farewell, and he is left for aye
To sleep in silence in a warrior's tomb.
—F. Toynbee.

Gentlemen in Philadelphia.

Coming home a day or two ago the loveliest woman I have seen this season entered the car. She was a picture in her dark blue cloth suit, with its chic trimming of blue. A dainty velvet bonnet sat perched above the red gold locks, while from beneath the gauzy veil a pair of the prettiest eyes imaginable sparkled and danced. My, thought I that will bring them to their feet sure; but not a man moved. The pretty woman hung on to the strap while three ancient dames and a one legged man received first attentions. As my beauty left the car she remarked to her companion in distinctly audible tones, "The gentlemen of Philadelphia must all ride in their carriages. Catch a Washington man if you can keeping his seat while ladies are standing."

I want to tell this spoiled young woman that Washington was not a commercial city, which makes all the difference in the world.—Dorothy Maddox in Philadelphia Inquirer.

Good Sponges Are Expensive.

Good sponges have become so expensive that they are a luxury to be enjoyed only by those well to do. Of course you can buy a reef sponge cheap, a small one costing only a few cents; but if you want a Turkey cup sponge large enough for bathing purposes you will have to pay $4 or $5. Sponges come all sizes; the largest one I ever saw measured twenty inches across. These very large sponges are likely not to be perfect, and they do not bring as good prices as smaller and better ones. The largest of the perfect kind measures about fourteen inches across the top and nine inches through, such a sponge being worth about $20. It is too large for bathing purposes, and too expensive to be used in washing carriages, and is kept by dealers for a chance customer. A good size bathing sponge is about eight inches across the top and five through and is worth $8.—Boston Globe.

Misnamed Children.

It would be a good thing if the naming of children could be postponed long enough to give those who are to name them the opportunity of learning something of their character and talents. But, alas! this can never be, as children would then have to grow up nameless. So Cecilia detests music, Lily is a brunette of the darkest type, Helen is not beautiful, Sophia is not wise, and often Mabel is not lovable. And Cecil is not dimsighted, Clarence is not illustrious, and Edwin is not a gainer of property, Felix is not happy, nor is Goddard pious, Rufus has not red hair, nor is Solomon wise.—New York Star.

Imprudent Use of Carbolic Acid.

Professor Billroth, of Vienna, has sent out another earnest warning against the imprudent use of carbolic acid, which in many cases causes an insignificant wound to become gangrenous. He says: "The use of carbolic acid is much more limited in surgery than ever before. It may not only cause inflammation and gangrene; it may kill by blood poisoning. I dissuade most emphatically the application of carbolic acid without the prescription of a physician. I recommend as the best bandage for flesh wounds acetate of lead."—New York Telegram.

Why Englishmen Walk.

I have found out why the English are such famous walkers. It is because it costs them money to sit down. I found this out the other day as I sat on a bench in Hyde park. A man in a uniform came along and demanded twopence. "What for?" I asked. "For occupying a seat," said he. "We are authorized to collect tu'pence from everybody who sits down."—Eugene Field.

Power of a Ring.

In the cathedral of Perugia is still shown a ring said to have been the wedding circlet of Mary, the mother of Jesus. The remarkable cures attributed to this wonderful little talisman were the subject of a book printed in the latter part of the Seventeenth century.—St Louis Republic.

A Powerful Light.

Perhaps the most powerful electric light in the world is in use in the Houstholm lighthouse on the coast of Jutland. It is of 2,000,000 candle power, and is visible forty miles.—Chatter.

A large English railway company has increased its pay roll between nine and ten thousand pounds per year because it believed that the increased traffic of the line justified the payment of higher wages to the men.

The annual consumption of quinine in the United States is about 45,000,000 grains, and the trade here and abroad is almost entirely in the hands of a monopoly, whose great factory is located in Mannheim, Germany.

A suit in London to recover the [illegible] fact that the borrower had been paying interest at the rate of 120 per cent. per year for six years.

William Barnes, of Charleston, Ind., has invented a little machine which is operated by clock work, and marks, automatically, on glass, 50,000 lines on the space of an inch.

It pays to plod! Don't make quantity more important than quality. The best work is work that takes time, and nowadays the best work is the work that is wanted.

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEEL in Store. "Jessop's" Durable Tool Quality. All Goods imported to order. Special value in Tin Plate, Wire, Cutlery, &c. Get our prices.
A. C. LESLIE & CO.
MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

H. SHOREY & CO.
Manufacturers of
MEN'S, BOY'S, YOUTH'S
AND
CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

THOS. DAVIDSON & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
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WIRE GOODS,
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ROBIN & SADLER
LEATHER BELTING
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PLATE GLASS.
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Essential OILS AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS.
JONAS' TRIPLE FLAVORING EXTRACTS H. JONAS & CO. MONTREAL.

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver — Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle — Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

ap17

FISH'S
COMPOUND
EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE
FOR THE LIVER AND BLOOD
The Best Spring Medicine Known.
(Compounded solely from herbs.)
THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist
86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.
Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

LOTS, LOTS!

=FOR SALE.=

Esquimalt Road and Cadboro Bay Road---Fort Street Extension.

Good Water. Excellent Drainage. No Dust.
Electric Light. Electric Tramway.

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—We have for disposal a number of most eligible building sites on this well known property, which is situated on the south side of the Esquimalt Road, a great advantage in the Summer season, owing to the absence of dust. The property being near the sheltered cove of West Bay enables residents to avail themselves of the pleasures pertaining to a seaside resort.

CADBORO BAY ROAD (FORT STREET EXTENSION). Adjoining the private property of B. W. Pearse, Esq., and commanding a magnificent view of Mount Baker, San Juan Island and the Straits of Fuca; having city water and being on the principal line of the Electric Tramway will enable residents to combine the advantages of country with city life and its conveniences. This exceptionally desirable property has been under cultivation for some years but is now laid down to grass. The soil is unsurpassed for garden purposes.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 mos., at 7 per cent.
Or—Ten (10) per cent. discount for cash.
Special inducements offered to purchasers engaging to build.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.
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A. W. JONES, Notary Public.
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A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents
AND CONVEYANCERS.
Loans Effected at Current Rates.
Town and Country Properties for Sale.
ja1tw

36 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the office of the [illegible] day of August next, at 4 p.m., for supplying and placing in position in the City Hall Tower, in good running order,

A TOWN CLOCK,

in accordance with specifications which may be seen at the City Hall.

Tenderers to furnish full descriptions of clocks submitted, with catalogue of prices thereof attached.

The Council reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

By order of the Hall Committee.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, June 5th, 1890. je6

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
--:-- FOR FAMILY USE, --:--
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

New Goods. -:- New Styles.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value! Low Prices! Splendid Assortment Boys' Suits!
March 28-6m

VERNON

The terminus of the Shuswap and Okanagan Railway, situated in the heart of the great wheat belt of this Province, at the head of navigation on Okanagan Lake, and the future Railway Centre of our great Interior, will be placed on the market within sixty days.
my16-tm

SPECIAL FOR THE HOLIDAYS
SEE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF
BOOTS and SHOES.
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
Tan Goods, Oxfords,
IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
Besides our usual large and well assorted stock of all descriptions of BOOTS AND SHOES.
J. FULLERTON, 103 GOVERNMENT STREET,
PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.
May22

WM ECKERT,
The Cash Grocer's Quotations:

Flour, per bbl	$5 25	Tomatoes, 5 tins new	[illegible]
Oatmeal, Rolled, 18 lbs. for	1 00	Peas, 6 tins, new	[illegible]
" Saanich, 10 " "	45	Jams and Jellies, 5 lb. tins	[illegible]
Corn Meal, 10 " "	40	Pie Fruit, Assorted, gallon tins	[illegible]
Sago and Tapioca, 12 " "	1 00	Mince Meat, Superior, 5 lb. tins	[illegible]
Rice, 20 " "	1 00	Sugar, Light Brown, 14 lbs.	[illegible]
Pea's, Green or Split, 18 " "	1 00	Sugar House Drips, per gallon	[illegible]
Beans, White or Brown, 20 " "	1 00	Vinegar, Malt "	[illegible]
Currants (new), 10 " "	1 00	Vinegar, White Wine "	[illegible]
Raisins, Valencia (new), 10 " "	1 00	Butter, Creamery 30 cts per lb 2 lbs for	[illegible]
Prunes, from 6 to 12 " "	1 00	Ham, Fidelity	15
Apples, Dried (new), from 6 to 9 " "	1 00	Bacon, 16 cts per lb, or 7 lbs for	[illegible]
Peaches " " 6 " "	1 00	Coal Oil, Pearl per tin	[illegible]
Apricots " " 6 " "	1 00	Tobacco, Smoking, 5 plugs	[illegible]
Peaches, 3 to 4 tins, new	90	Eggs, Island 30 per doz. Imported	[illegible]
Apricots, 3 tins, new	90	Coffee, Victoria Blend	[illegible]
Pine Apples, 3 tins, new	90	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	[illegible]
Corn 7 "	1 00	Tea, 5 lbs MM for	[illegible]
Butter, Fresh Grass Roll, per roll	55	Granulated Sugar, 17 lbs for	[illegible]

Remember the place, 173—Government street, corner Herald—173
mar17-6m-tw

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1889, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	12	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	[illegible]
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	[illegible]
33	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
145	V	124 08	13 64	137 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 [illegible]
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 603, 608	M	33 44	3 [illegible]	37 [illegible]
East part 876	J	27 56	3 02	[illegible]
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 60	4 03	40 63
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1772	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	3 90	43	4 33
10	"	4 80	53	[illegible]
11	"	4 80	[illegible]	[illegible]
12	"	6 50	[illegible]	7 [illegible]
17	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
18	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
19	"	3 90	43	4 33
20	"	[illegible]	4 [illegible]	47 [illegible]
43	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
48	73	3 [illegible]	40	[illegible]
51	"	44 [illegible]	4 [illegible]	[illegible]
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 00	5 28	[illegible]
2	B	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
5 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 73	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Part Sub. E	V	17 00	1 87	[illegible]
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 30	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 2	"	[illegible]	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 3	"	[illegible]	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 11	"	10 [illegible]	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 12	"	10 00	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 13	"	10 00	1 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 5	XIII	7 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 42	"	[illegible]	4 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 43	"	[illegible]	4 [illegible]	[illegible]
" 51	"	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

City Hall, Victoria, [illegible], 1890. CHARLES KENT, Collector.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

MISS CAMERON UPHELD.

NO EVIDENCE OF EXCESSIVE BEATING PRODUCED.

The Special Committee of School Trustees Recommend That the Charge be Dismissed—That Second Letter of Halliday's Still Unexplained.

In accordance with a motion carried at the last meeting of the Board of School Trustees, a special committee meeting, composed of Trustees Hayward, Col. Wolfenden and Mallandaine, met at the city hall last evening to deal with the question of charges of cruelty preferred against Miss A. D. Cameron by Mr. W. P. Winsby.

The meeting being called to order, Col. Wolfenden read a letter from the complainant referring to a whipping his boy had received, and asking that investigation be held into the matter by the board. Correspondence from Miss Cameron in reference to the matter was also read, together with letters from Col. Wolfenden to Mr. Winsby and answers from that gentleman.

Chairman Hayward then asked Mrs. Winsby who was present what her husband required.

Mrs. Winsby—He requires an apology or else the matter will be taken into court.

Mr. Hayward—Are you aware what a state our schools would be in if such a course was always pursued in cases of punishments.

Mrs. Winsby—Other children could not have been whipped as severely as my boy was.

The chairman then asked Mrs. Winsby to state to the board the whole circumstances of the letter written for Mr. Halliday.

Mrs. Winsby replied that Mr. Halliday came to her house to see about the matter by request of Miss Cameron—

Miss Cameron—I beg your pardon. Not by my request.

Mrs. Winsby continued, stating that she had written by the request of Mr. Halliday but in reference to the date could not exactly say why she had dated it three weeks back.

Mr. Hayward asked Mrs. Winsby if she could explain how it was that the letter in question was written on school paper.

Mrs. Winsby could not explain this, as she said she did not know what paper it was written on or whether it had been brought by Mr. Halliday or not. She did not think that had anything to do with the case in hand.

Mr. Hayward—It matters a good deal about our getting at the truth of the circumstances.

Mrs. Winsby asserted that her boy was excessively whipped, in fact so severely that the marks were plainly seen, but the skin was not broken. She had told Miss Cameron that this was so.

Master Willie Winsby, brother of the whipped boy, was called, and stated that he saw his brother's legs after the whipping, and they were marked by wales, and one cut had broken the skin where it bled.

After some desultory conversation Mr. Hayward remarked that he had carefully read over the two letters written by Mrs. Winsby on the matter, and he found that a marked difference existed in them. The first one was calm and mild, while one written three weeks later, but of the same date, was very severe. He thought that in such matters people generally calmed down.

Mrs. Winsby said she had not calmed down, nor had she been asked to stir up the case by anyone. She did not wish to have it insinuated that Mr. Halliday or Rev. Mr. Macleod had worked upon her feelings to press this matter. It was no one's business about the second letter, as it had nothing to do with the case.

Mr. Hayward—You have in no way attempted to explain how that letter came to be written on public school paper, nor have you given a candid statement of how the letter was written.

Col. Wolfenden asked if Mrs. Winsby had not stated at first that the skin of the boy's leg was not broken.

Mrs. Winsby contradicted this stating that she had not said so.

Col. Wolfenden.—I certainly understood you to say so.

Mrs. Winsby — You understood wrongly.

Miss Cameron said she had the same answer on her notes.

Herbert Winsby, the lad who had been whipped, stated to the board that on the morning he had been punished he had come late and had gone into the yard and played with two other boys. When asked by Miss Cameron how he had come to be so late, had told her that he had tried the doors and they were fast. Had afterwards admitted that another boy told him they were locked.

Miss Cameron then stated that on the morning the letter of Mr. Macleod appeared telling of cruel treatment, she had asked the boys of her class if any of them had seen a scholar whipped until the blood appeared, and they all laughed at the idea, and denied it.

The boy here said that Miss Cameron had used the word "oozed" in connection with the blood on the legs of whipped boys when she asked if any of them had been bleeding.

Miss Cameron stated that she had not used such a word. She had asked the boys if they had ever seen blood "appear" through their trousers. And her statement was substantiated by both Miss Bradley and Miss Robbins.

Mr. Mallandaine said he had reviewed the evidence, and for his part he could not see that the boy was cruelly illused. The teachers had to keep order and preserve discipline. He was not in favor of excessive punishment and should strongly condemn such, but [illegible] this case on its merits, that the punishment had been severe.

Mrs. Winsby would not admit that the boy had been punished justly, as he had an excuse for being late.

Col. Wolfenden drew her attention to the fact that the boy had admitted he had taken advantage of the excuse and played truant. Such an act as this demanded that the teacher assert her authority.

Mrs. Winsby didn't think that this entitled a teacher to illtreat a scholar.

Col. Wolfenden mentioned that specific charges had been made by Mr. Macleod against Miss Cameron, stating that she had whipped boys until the blood appeared through their trousers. Miss Cameron had gone to Mr. Macleod asking for his authority for the statement. Mr. Macleod had said, "Halliday told me. He saw it." Miss Cameron then went to Mr. Halliday, who denied having made such a statement. Mr. Macleod had then stated that Mr. Halliday was an unmitigated liar. Shortly after this the letters in reference to the Winsby matter offered and it was patent that they differed considerably. Mr. Halliday had found he was in such a mess that he had gone to Mrs. Winsby, stating that he had lost the original letter and Mrs. Winsby had written another. After this Col. Wolfenden had found the original letter where it had been left by Mr. Halliday, who had all the time had it. A notarial certified copy had been made, and it was easy to see how widely they differed. It was very strange that no mention of bleeding or excessive punishment had been made, until Mr. Macleod had preached his sermon and written his letter specifying charges. It certainly looked as if Mr. Halliday had made statements which required proof, and strange methods had been taken to get it.

Mrs. Winsby again averred that Mr. Halliday had nothing to do with the matter.

Miss Cameron here asked Mrs. Winsby if she had any witnesses who saw any blood on the whipped boy's leg.

Mrs. Winsby here handed in a statement signed by a Mrs. Payne in reference to the matter, which stated that the boy's leg had been bleeding.

Miss Forest here stated that she had accompanied Miss Cameron to Mrs. Payne's house, and that lady had then and there asserted that she had not seen any blood on the boy's legs at all.

Mr. Hayward asked Mrs. Winsby if she had any more witnesses, and the lady stated she had not.

Miss Cameron, in making her statement, first asked Mrs. Winsby if she was in the habit of making copies of her correspondence, and had she made a copy of the excuse given to the boy on the day he was whipped?

Mrs. Winsby said she had made two copies, as the first one was not a good one.

Miss Cameron continued, stating on the morning of May 8th the boy had come to school one and a half hours late, with an excuse worded "a little late," and upon taking him to task about it, had said he tried to get in but could not, as the doors were locked. She had inquired, and found the doors were not locked, and the boy had subsequently admitted that he had not tried the door, but some other boys had told him. She had then taken the boy to task, and ordered him to hold out his hand for a whipping. After two or three blows he refused to hold his hand longer, and she whipped him over the legs. This was the great whipping where blood "oozed and jetted and dripped," according to reports. She had struck him, however, but a few blows, when he held out his hand, and she struck once only on it. The boy at recess time was laughing and playing with the rest, and did not appear badly hurt. When the charges came out in the papers she could not for a moment imagine what boy was meant. She had then gone around to the parents of those boys who had been whipped, and none made complaint. Mrs. Winsby had been asked if her boy had been whipped so badly that the blood came through his trousers, and Mrs. Winsby had said he had not, nor had she said he had been so whipped. Mrs. Winsby had said, however, that the boy had been bruised. The witnesses of Mrs. Winsby, Mr. and Mrs. Payne, both denied having seen any blood. The boy had been whipped both for truancy and false statements regarding the closed doors, which by the way were not locked.

Mr. Mallandaine rose to say that he thought the teachers should not use the press for publishing letters. A good deal of this trouble had been caused by it.

Col. Wolfenden thought in this case that Miss Cameron was justified, after having been publicly accused of having been over severe in her punishment. For his part he should not ask her to apologize, as it was clearly shown that Miss Cameron had only done her duty. He deplored that the matter had been placed before the public by the letters in the press.

Mrs. Winsby thought that it was all Miss Cameron's fault.

Col. Wolfenden—Certainly not. She was first specifically charged by Mr. Macleod.

Miss Cameron said that she was in a peculiar position. She had been charged by some unknown person with having cruelly beaten and abused a scholar, but she could not find out who had started the report. Everybody connected with the matter now denied all knowledge of it.

It was pointed out that in Mr. Winsby's letter of the 2nd June he had said: "If in your opinion Miss C. has exceeded her duty, I ask that she be made to apologize through the board of trustees to me, otherwise I feel after reading her high-handed—I may say almost insulting—explanation, more determined than ever to take legal proceedings." The committee did not consider that Miss Cameron had exceeded her duties, and passed a resolution that effect, also recommending that the charge against her be dismissed.

The committee then rose and the meeting adjourned.

Mammoth Growth.

In the Sound and Mainland papers appear items from day to day chronicling the gifts of abnormally large strawberries to the favored editors of the above mentioned papers. The latest and biggest berry is one left on the desk of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer man. This giant among berries was over seven inches around. It is now Tacoma's turn to produce one which will dwarf into insignificance the Seattle story. Meanwhile the editors are having powerful tackles rigged to [illegible]

Practical Pointers.

As a simple, natural laxative, stomach, blood, brain and nerve tonic, when taken as directed, the value of Burdock Blood Bitters cannot be over estimated, while as a cure for constipation, indigestion, liver diseases, impure blood, sleeplessness, nervousness and sick headache, it is the best that money can buy.

OF INTEREST TO SEALERS.

United States Lawyers Claim the Three Mile Limit in Behring Sea.

The case of the libel United States vs. the schooner James G. Swan, respondent, and Chestoqua Peterson et al., claimants, was tried in the United States district court at Seattle on Tuesday, and the case taken under advisement by Judge Hanford. Judge James G. Swan and Geo. H. Jones, of Port Townsend, appeared as the proctors of the claimants. This is the first case in which the Behring sea question has been submitted for adjudication to a United States court. In view of the importance of the case, Judge Hanford expressed a desire that it might be heard in the supreme court of the United States. The James G. Swan was sealing in Behring sea, about seventy miles off St. George's island, when seized on the 30th of July last by the revenue cutter Rush. A carefully prepared and interesting answer to the libel, written by James G. Swan, was read. The answer holds that the vessel was seized on the high seas; that the act of congress of 1794, defining the jurisdiction of the United States as extending one marine league from the shore, is still the law; that the Indians are the wards of the nation, and that it is the policy of the government to encourage them in industrial pursuits.

"Linerusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weiler's 51 to 55 Fort street.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

For Colds or Pain.

Yellow Oil is the best remedy I ever used. I had a bealing breast 15 months ago, which was very sore. I got no relief until I tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil, which gave instant relief. MRS. JOHN CORBETT, St. Mary's Ont.

For croup, quinsy or colds use Yellow Oil.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C.

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SPECIAL NUMBER OF VICTORIA

Depicting the

Arrival of the Duke of Connaught,

The Regatta and the places of Interest in the City.

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IN SILVERWARE, TRY

DAVIDSON BROS.

55 YATES STREET

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

BEFORE

AFTER

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhoea, [illegible] if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

WESTERN BRANCH,

Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY E. C. KELLOGG, DRUGGIST,

Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,

nov28eod-w-1y Sole Wholesale Agent Victoria.

BELCHER AVENUE.

Three Acres Very Choice Building Sites at Reasonable Rates.

A Complete List of First-class Properties to Suit Investors.

T. G. RAYNER, Trounce Ave., Stock & Share Broker

je11

SEE OUR SPRING STOCK OF SHOES.

Profuse in Novelties. Great in Assortment.

Variegated in Colors. To suit the most fastidious.

Unapproachable in Prices.

☞ UNQUESTIONABLY THE FINEST LINE EVER SHELVED IN A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

EXAMINE THEM.

H. MANSELL, No. 95 Gov't St.

Remember that every dollar spent with us get the most a dollar can buy.

BOOTS AND SHOES MADE TO ORDER IN EVERY STYLE. REPAIRING ON SHORT NOTICE.

AMUSEMENTS.

CATHEDRAL BAZAAR

The Ladies of the R. C. Congregation will hold a

GRAND BAZAAR,

Of useful and ornamental articles on the

18th and 19th of June

IN

PHILHARMONIC HALL,

For the benefit of the

Cathedral Building Fund.

Luncheon at 12 noon, at which all the delicacies of the season will be served at the low rate of 25 cents.

Refreshments, Strawberries and Ice Cream throughout the day.

Fan drill by the young ladies and swinging chorus by the children in the evening.

Admission 25 cents, children half price.

jun5-td

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

THURSDAY, JUNE 12th.

Engagement of the renowned

MINDREADER

CARL B. KING.

Mystery of the present century.

Together with the famous young pianist,

ALVAH GLOVER SALMON,

In an entertainment Amusing, Miraculous, Startling, Wonderful.

Thoughts read by action.

Hidden articles disclosed.

The famous wire test.

Prices as usual. Reserved seats on sale at Waitt's Book Store. jn7-6t

VICTORIA'S PARADISE!

The Prettiest Resort on Vancouver Island is the VICTORIA GARDENS, Gorge Road. Strangers should not leave Victoria before visiting this lovely spot. We have a few handsomely furnished rooms to let with first-class board. Our tables are supplied with the best the market affords.

Mrs. Davies superintends the dining room personally, and, as usual will be happy to try and please all.

We make a specialty of our Sunday Dinners from 2 to 4 p. m.

We have a nice ball room to let to private parties.

Picnics and parties served with meals or luncheon on short notice

Good fishing and hunting in season.

☞ Special terms to picnic and boating parties.

mil2m R. C. DAVIES, Proprietor.

ELECTION OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

The Annual election of a Trustee for each Ward of

VICTORIA CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

WILL BE HELD ON

Monday, the 16th day of June, 1890,

AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES:

FOR JAMES BAY WARD—At the old Hook and Ladder House, Government street.

FOR YATES STREET WARD—At Barnes Building, Bastion Square.

FOR JOHNSON STREET WARD—At the City Hall, commencing at 11 a. m.

In case a poll is demanded, voting will commence at 10 a. m., of the next day and close at 4 p. m. By order of Board of Trustees.

je6-td R. WOLFENDEN, Sec'y.

BOARDING HOUSE QUAMICHAN

[illegible] of May.

House beautifully situated, overlooking Cowichan Bay, within easy reach of Quamichan and Somenos Lakes, and of Cowichan River which affords excellent fishing.

Three miles from Duncan's Station where trains can be met by communicating with the Proprietor, Simeon Leather.

TERMS—Two to Three Dollars per Day.

Postal Address:

TSOUHAILIM, Quamichan, B. C.

my29 eod-d w-1m

PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MR. ALAN S. DUMBLETON, Solicitor of Supreme Court of England and British Columbia has been admitted a partner in the firm of Messrs. Walker & Pemberton, Barristers and Solicitors. The firm will on and after the 1st day of July next be carried on under the name of Messrs. Walker, Pemberton & Dumbleton. m27-jy1

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day admitted Mr. A. J. W. Bridgman into partnership and the business hitherto carried on in my name, will, in future, be under the firm name of

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

At 36 Government street.

A. W. JONES.

31st May, 1890. jn1-1m

LICENSE NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, I intend to apply for the transfer of the license of the "Grand Pacific" corner Johnson and Store streets, from J. Bossi to James Daley. JAMES DALEY.

my13-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I SHALL apply at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the transfer of the license for selling liquors, held by Chas. Brewster, of the Gordon Hotel, to me.

my22-1m ROSS J. FERGUSON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TELEGRAM

From H. O., Montreal:

"Victoria photographs magnificent. A banner number assured. Ten thousand will be expressed 21st June.

(Sgd.) THE DOMINION ILLUSTRATED CO.

ORDERS ARE COMING IN FAST

The Issue is Limited.

Secure your copies of the souvenir number at the Stationers, or from

FREDERICK PAULINE,

our Victoria agent, and oblige,

J. H. BROWNLEE,

je10 General Agent Western Canada.

AUCTION SALE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

I am instructed by Messrs. Hall, Goepel & Co., to sell at their place of business, Store street, on

Tuesday, the 24th inst.

at 11 a. m., to close consignments, a quantity of liquors, etc. Full particulars in a few days.

W. R. CLARKE,

je10 Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER.

I have received instructions from Julius Barron, Esq., to sell by

PUBLIC :-: AUCTION,

At his Pork Packing establishment, on Yates street,

ON

Wednesday, 25th inst.,

AT 11 A. M.

A 4-horse power engine and boiler, a steam cutting machine for sausage meat [illegible] minutes, a 2-horse power turbine wheel, platform and counter scales, spice mill and Sau lard press, show case, salting vats, and salt, marble top counter, iron and wooden meat racks, fixtures, a Hall safe, and in fact a complete outfit for carrying on a first class pork packing business. Terms at sale. Goods can be seen at any time between this and day of sale upon application to Mr. Barron on the premises or to the auctioneer.

je10 W. R. CLARKE.

QUEEN CITY

Building, Loan & Saving Association.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

INCORPORATED MAY 6, 1890.

The annual general meeting of the members will be held in Harmony Hall, View street, at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, the 18th instant, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and officers for the ensuing year. By order

B. WILLIAMS,

je6-td Sec. pro tem.

JAPANESE BAZAAR,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

PER S. S. ABYSSINIA:

Tea Sets, Blackwood Brackets and Cabinets, Chinese shape and other Gongs, Rice, Reed and Bamboo Blinds, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Fire Tables.

Stock removed from Government St. still selling very cheap.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

june3

G. C. Sauer & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

BRITISH COLUMBIA

OF THE RENOWNED

Lowenbrau Beer,

Imported direct from Munich, Bavaria.

FALK'S CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER

in Kegs or Bottles with Patent Stoppers.

Schmidt & Co.'s Sarsaparella & Iron

EUROPEAN AND CALIFORNIA WINES

A SPECIALTY.

We carry a large stock of Cognacs, Brandies, Gins, Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies, Cordials and Mineral Waters, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

51 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Telephone Call 93. My22

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROVINCIAL

Agricultural Association

WILL HOLD

ITS ANNUAL EXHIBITION

AT

VICTORIA

ON

Thursday, Friday & Saturday

Oct. 2, 3, and 4.

$5000 TO BE GIVEN IN PRIZES.

Besides a large number of Medals and Special Prizes.

For particulars see hand bills and catalogues.

Information will be cheerfully given by applying to

C. E. RENOUF, Sec.

[illegible] Victoria.

ICE FOR SALE.

[illegible]

CAUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible]

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

VICTORIA CITY ELECTION

The Opposition Candidates.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
JOHN GRANT,
GEORGE L. MILNE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Weekly Meeting of the Victoria Aldermanic Board.

The regular meeting of the city aldermen was held in the city hall last evening, Mayor Grant in the chair, and all the aldermen being present.

The minutes of the last meeting having been read, Clerk Dowler read the following

COMMUNICATIONS.

From W. R. Clarke, harbor master, for a number of residents of Rock Bay, requesting that the contractor who bought the old Rock Bay bridge be ordered to remove the old piles at once.—It was carried that he be so ordered.

From Jno. F. Chandler re the Colquitz river case, requesting that the case be settled within one week or that it be referred to arbitration.—Referred to the water committee and commissioner.

From the city laborers and labor union, thanking the city aldermen for their action in regard to the nine hour movement.—Received and filed.

From A. G. Young, applying for water service at his residence on Burnside Road.—Referred to water commissioner and committee.

From Chas. Minor for the bicycle club, asking that bicyclists be allowed to use the sidewalks in the suburbs.—Referred to the street committee.

From C. E. Redfern, informing the city that he was unable to tender for the new town clock as the specifications called for a clock made by one company only.

Ald. McKillican—Mr. Northcott had been told that those wishing to tender could put in a bid for any kind of a clock, but their idea was to get a good clock, and consequently the specifications referred to had been drafted.

The clerk was requested to notify Mr. Redfern that he could put in a tender for any clock.

R. Finlayson offering to grant the city a 60 foot road through his property on Fernwood road for the purpose of running the new 16 inch main through it if the city would close up the Cedar Hill road.

Ald. McKillican thought the city could not deal with the closing of Cedar Hill road as it was a government road.

The request was referred to the water committee and water commissioners.

From T. N. Hibben asking permission to take up a wooden sidewalk and put down asphalt. Granted.

From the Lieut.-Governor saying that he was pleased to grant those parcels of lands laid out for charitable purposes and which would be necessary to widen View street if the city would widen that street.

Ald. Wilson said that the city had no funds for that purpose and he would move in amendment that the Governor be notified of the fact and that they would attend to the matter early next year.—The original motion was received and filed.

The communication from the city barrister re the Bryce license case was received and filed.

PARK BY-LAW.

A draft of a by-law for the maintainence and guidance of the public park was read a second time.

PETITIONS.

From S. Lowe and others re the widening of Birdcage walk and saying that as the property owners were now improving their property the city should take some action.—Referred to the street committee to report.

From residents of Fourth street asking that a larger water main and a box drain be laid on that street.—Referred to the street and water committes.

ACCOUNTS.

From Mann & Heron enclosing an account for supplies for the fire department delivered three years ago.—Ordered to be paid if found correct.

From the Toronto Mail enclosing their account for $136 for advertising the sewerage tenders.—Ordered to be paid if found correct.

REPORTS.

The finance committee recommended that $250 be given to aid the B. C. Agricultural Society.

Ald. Harrison thought that the sum proposed was too small, and he moved that $500 be given.—The report was adopted as amended.

From the street committee enclosing plans and surveys of the James Bay flats and Cedar Hill park.

Ald. Harrison said that one thing had been omitted and that was that a certain party had utilized a part of Fernwood road for a gravel pit, but, however, that could be considered at the next meeting. The committee also presented a report in regard to the tramway company and the streets.

The report, which was quite lengthy, stated that the committee had met in the Mayor's office, with Mr. W. J. Taylor, of Eberts & Taylor, present. The committee first find that the language in the TIMES, purporting to be that of Ald. Harrison, used on the evening of 28th May was incorrectly reported, as Ald. Harrison did not use the language attributed to him; but while similar in form of expression, conveyed a totally [illegible] meaning. Secondly, the committee believe Mr. Leech's character free from any imputation such as was contained in Ald. Harrison's remarks, and that a certain misconception seems to have arisen, due to a certain letter received by the street railway company. Thirdly, the street railway corporation are not bound to repair the streets between their lines when the motive power of the cars is not horses, as a special clause in the charter deals with this. But they are bound to [illegible] the streets in order after disturbing them by the laying of rails. Fourthly, Store street, at the time of the present report was not in good repair, but work was being done on it. Fifthly, that the charge of Ald. Harrison against the street railway company of taking gravel from Superior street to repair their lines was sustained. Sixthly, that the displacement of the line on St. Lawrence street, said to have been done by the corporation, was not mentioned by the railway company until the time provided for by law had expired, and the charge by Ald. Wilson that the company had used macadam taken from St. Lawrence street was also proven, and further that it could be proved that an employee of the railway company had sold corporation metal for building purposes. The committee fully approve of the action of Ald. Harrison in the matter.

Ald. Harrison in speaking on the report explained at some length Ald. Robertson's remarks as to his stand on the question. In regard to the word "gang" that he used the previous meeting he did not mean by that Mr. Higgins and the shareholders of the company but the foreman and men who were employed on the road. He had gone to the foreman he said on several occasions and had always been treated with contempt, in his opinion he had been treated that way by the orders of President Higgins. In reference to the city surveyor he said he thought Mr. Higgins was very solicitous about that gentleman's health and that in itself was queer, as he seldom had sympathy for anybody except himself. He also quoted several things that he had done to help the tramway, for instance, the fixing of bridges, etc., which had saved the company quite a little money. He would help the tramway when he could do it without doing anything against the city. He would not be dictated to by Mr. Higgins nor anybody else except those by whom he had been elected.

Ald. Robertson—After the meeting in which he had taken the part of the tramway Ald. Harrison had gone around saying that he was working for the tramway and also accused him of jobbery. He is not working for the tramway but defended them because he thought they were in the right.

Ald. Harrison denied having accused him of jobbery.

From the park committee stating that the water complained of by A. H. Lee and other property owners near Goodacre Lake did not come from the lake, but was a natural spring, and also that the park should not be used for a picnic ground as asked for by Chas. Bradford.—Report adopted.

Notice of motion was given that the sum of $50 be contributed towards music at the park on Sundays.

Ald. McKillican said he would object to anything of the kind, as he thought it was demoralizing.

Ald. Vigelius said he would vote for the motion, as it was the only day that the workingmen could go to the Hill, and something should be done for their enjoyment.

As the motion asked for an appropriation his worship said the notice would have to be put on the notice board for one week.

A telegram was read from R. Herring of New York, saying that he would come to Victoria and report on the sewerage for $1000 and travelling expenses. The Mayor was authorized to telegraph Mr. Herring that $1450 would be given.

The council adjourned at 10 o'clock.

FIRE ENQUIRY.

Enquiry Into the Cause of Sunday Night's Fire.

After the proceedings at the Police Court had been closed, Hon. A. N. Richards held an enquiry into the cause of the fire on Sunday night. The following jury were empannelled: B. Gordon, S. Clay, J. Roberts, Jas. Stewart, J. Morrison.

Mr. R. Ward said the insurance companies had asked for this enquiry as there was some feeling that the fire was caused by an incendiary and it would be well to find out the cause if possible.

Wm. Croft, the first witness called, said that on Sunday evening he was coming down Fort street when he noticed smoke issuing from the building in question and also saw flames through the window.

G. Lane corroborated this evidence. He saw nobody around the building. He started to go to put the fire out but found it was too far gone. He saw no fire down stairs.

The enquiry was at this point adjourned until 2 o'clock to allow the jury to visit the premises.

Several other witnesses were examined, none of whom knew anything of the origin of the fire, although they all offered suggestions as to how it started.

Dr. Quinlan stated that he kept coal oil and several other things in a little room at the rear of the building. In his opinion the fire started in the building adjoining Short's work shop.

The case was still in progress up to the time of going to press.

A Wonderful Power.

Mr. Carl B. King, the mind reader, gave a private exhibition of his wonderful power this afternoon at the parlors of the Driard Hotel. Mr. King was taken into the corridor and blindfolded. During his absence from the room a gentleman in the room stuck a pin in the woodwork of the door, and then hid the pin by sticking it into the carpet behind a table leg. Mr. King found the pin at once, by merely holding one of his hands between those of the hider, and then to complete the [illegible] made by it. Several other tests equally difficult were made, the chiefest being one where he blindfolded drove a horse and carriage over a route formerly driven over by three gentlemen of the company, and went to a box in the post office where a coin had been hidden, finding it and telling the date. There was no possibility of collusion, as the committee was composed of well-known gentlemen of undoubted veracity, proving beyond a doubt that Mr. King is a mind reader par excellence.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

ESQUIMALT ELECTION.

The Candidates on the Stump in West Victoria—Mr. Helgesen Well Received.

A political meeting was held in the school house, Victoria West, on Wednesday evening, the 11th, about thirty electors being in attendance.

Mr. Farrell was elected chairman. The speakers were Messrs. Pooley, Higgins and Helgesen. The Government candidates floundered through their speeches, which had a strange similarity to the harangues held elsewhere. They took credit to themselves for having hung a millstone around the neck of the quartz industry, and for having saved the timber and sold the most part of the public lands and received the money.

Mr. Helgesen was well received by the electors. He showed, in his speech, the unfortunate results of the land monopoly, and held that the Redistribution Bill should never have been mooted, as the people had ample representation and did not want it. He showed that in consequence of Messrs. Pooley and Higgins having supported that political trickster, Robson, they had fanned the smouldering spark of discontent between the Island and Mainland into a blazing fire. He took exception to the Election Regulation Act, and said the Government had not done anything in the way of exploring, surveying or finding homes for intending settlers; and although they claimed to be a progressive party, yet they could not point to a single enterprise by which it could be said that the country had benefitted, notwithstanding that they had had an immense amount of money at their disposal. Mr. Helgesen gave many convincing reasons why the electors should refrain from supporting the Government candidates, and retired amid great applause.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

The Ship Queen Victoria Arrives in Esquimalt 174 Days Out.

The long expected ship Queen Victoria, Capt. Holmes, 174 days from Cardiff, with 2600 tons of coal for the navy and several hundred tons of general merchandise for local firms, arrived in Esquimalt this morning. The Victoria is an iron ship of 1589 tons burden, with double gallant yards fore and main. She is the finest vessel that has arrived in Victoria for some time and Captain Holmes is naturally proud of her.

A very rough passage was made, the vessel having met with a succession of head winds and squalls for 33 days and not having steered a course for 68 days. The 33 days of wind was encountered between Staten Island and lat. 50 south. From that on a light northerly trade was kept to lat. 22, when they took light northeasterly trades until lat. 23 north. Fair weather and westerly winds were then met with until her arrival in port. Nothing was seen of the schooner Carmolite which is now long overdue from Sydney, N. S. Captain Holmes for many years commanded the bark Forrest King, of Windsor, N. S., and on his arrival here he met with many old friends.

Thermometer at Kellogg's.

Average temperature to-day.......71°

Arrived.

Curling tongs and lamps, ladies penknives, scissors, etc. and a full line of shaving materials at M. & H. A. Fox's, 78 Government street.

The private exhibition of Mr. Carl King this afternoon was witnessed by a number of Victoria's most prominent citizens, who all agree that he is the most wonderfully gifted man who has visited this city. Don't fail to see the great mind reader at the Victoria this evening.

Daily Telegram.

The fourth number of the daily Telegram, published at Vancouver, has reached us. It is a handsomely printed 24-column paper, and is made up with a great deal of mechanical and editorial ability. It will improve and enlarge, we suppose, as the demands of its customers increase. Although we are disposed to think that three papers are not required in a city of the population of Vancouver, we can still wish the Telegram success. The demand will regulate the supply, and in the end the fittest will survive.

Special Card.

As the public have so generously contributed to the success of my great reduction sale, I am induced to continue it for one month longer on the same terms. Here are the most liberal prices ever offered in British Columbia or elsewhere: $10 pants for $7, $12 pants for $8, $14 pants for $10, $16 pants for $12, $30 suits for $25, $35 suits for $30, $40 suits for $35. All work guaranteed a perfect fit or no sale. J. McCallum, "The famous Californian Tailor," 42 Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Prompt and careful attention to letter orders. Samples mailed. my20-1m

The Chinese Nurse.

It has often been claimed than Chinamen learn children bad habits. A well-known gentleman was coming down Pandora street a few days ago when he observed a little child accompanied by a Chinaman smoking a cigarette. The little one puffed away at it vigorously and when it was apparently tired handed the half smoked weed [illegible] to the Celestial nurse. The Chinaman had been smoking himself and had given the half consumed cigarette to the child to take a whiff from it. The incident merely serves to show the danger of the Chinese nurse to the rising generation.

Japanese goods at Daley's.

Novelties in garden sprinklers just received at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

Take your spring suits to John T. Forre to be cleaned and repaired. He makes it a specialty. 96 Yates St.

False Rumors.

A report was circulated by the Government party to-day that one of the Opposition candidates had withdrawn in favor of Mr. Wilson. Of course that was not true and we only make mention of it in order that voters may be on their guard for similar rumors to-morrow. The Opposition ticket is

BEAVEN,
GRANT,
MILNE,
RICHARDS,

and no others. That ticket is strong enough to win. And it will win.

PASSENGERS.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—J M Mullen, R Levy, E E Turner, W Grant, T A Shaw, G Whitfield, G S Fowler, Mrs Fowler, Miss Fowler, A H B Macgowan, C A Lucas, H Casement, Mrs John Reed, Geo Riley, T W Patterson, T Hooper, E R Bennett, J C Sauer.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—A W Eckley, A Larson, John Reardon, Miss L Adams, S Grawer, J Moran, A W Pratt and wife, J A Tipooter, Ed Perkins, D Millan and wife, Miss Richert, D Green, J F Maxwell, Jas Conley, J W Young, H McDonald, L Kernell, E D McDonald, W D Edwards, Mrs Mackenzie and sister, J Sanders, J McGhie, B Green, F Robinson, T Pearson, J Denly, W Vincent, W J Wildy, C McDonald, E M Moore, J Douglass, Mrs King, Miss Freeman, Mrs Munn.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—L H Feeting, J E Montague, Rev E Dutton and wife, W W Baer and wife, Mrs Rutherford, L H Patior, G W Loomis, J C Woods, B VanValkenburgh, A Crane, T Holberson, W Sommers, F Schwartz and wife, Mrs Watson, H Baxter and wife, C Kohne, N H Lucas and wife, H M Meyers, R Fitzgerald, Miss Parker, J C Byrnes, J A Leedy, J Brown, Miss King, K K Kingsbury, L E Lupton and wife, J E Bell, E Lemay and wife, J Morrison, O Manning, E Gage, Miss Jenner, H W Prumme, A Holberson, Miss Brown, Mrs King, Mrs Trusdale, J B Wood and wife, T Burgess, S A Jenkins, H Bastiane, G Marston, F Allen, J Boyton, W E Gilbert, E Trask, H Ryder, Miss Crocker.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Victoria Gas Co, A S Torrence, R Maynard, Duffield Goiring, J H Todd & Son, E G Prior, McLennan & McFeely, Price & Jaynes, Dom Express Co.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—F Miller.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—Chas Marston, McLennan & McFeely, Richardson H & Jones, N H Le Fountain, E G Prior & Co, Frank Murred, J Wilson, R J Ferguson, Cowan & Wilson.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

A lot of heavy hotel cooking utensils at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 66 Government street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAIN----JAMES BAY.

FOR SALE

A lot and nearly new house containing 5 rooms subject to a Building Society mortgage, payable on easy terms.
For particulars and cards to view apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,
Real Estate Brokers, 30 Fort Street.
jn12-tf P. O. BOX 463.

BASE BALL.

Wellingtons v. James Bay
IN
CALEDONIAN GROUNDS.
Saturday, June 14th.
AT 2:30 P. M.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.
Ladies Free.
jn13

OPPOSITION MEETING

PHILHARMONIC HALL

The Opposition Candidates
BEAVEN,
GRANT,
MILNE,
RICHARDS,
Will fire the last shot in the Philharmonic Hall,

Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m. on the 12th inst.

The electors are specially invited to be present. je9-1d

PORT CRESCENT ROUTE.

Steamer
FERNDALE,
A. O. BENJAMIN,
Master.

Leaves SEATTLE Sundays and Wednesdays at 2 a. m.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND daily except Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 9:15 a. m., arriving at Port Crescent at 2 p. m. Returning, leaves Port Crescent at 4 p. m., same day, arriving at Port Townsend at 9 p. m.

Leaves PORT TOWNSEND for SEATTLE on Mondays and Fridays at 10 p. m.

[illegible] G. L. Fox, Agent, Seattle

PICNIC!

Ladie's Gents, Misses, Boys' and Children's tan colored and canvas shoes in great variety. Just the thing for picnics, at Mansell's.

VOTE FOR WILSON. VOTE FOR WILSON.

NO ACCOUNT MERCHANTS!

We are called, and we rejoice in the title; we are No Account Merchants, because we do

A No Account Business;

Or, in other words, we save ourselves trouble and our customers money by doing business

STRICTLY FOR CASH.

Reducing our expenses to the minimum, taking no chances of loss, and turning money over quickly, we are able to

MAKE LOWEST PRICES

on all goods. We point to our prices in proof of our statements, and invite the attention of

NO ACCOUNT CUSTOMERS.

to the advantages offered by a strictly one price; cash system. Our goods are of the best.

Our Stock is Large

and buyers will find each line we carry representative of the best in the markets.

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS'
CLOTHING,
Hats, Shirts, Ties, &c.

MECHANICS'
Cash Clothing Store
55 Johnson Street.
W. G. CAMERON

ELECTION CARDS.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF THE—

City of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN:

I am a candidate for the representation of the City of Victoria in the Legislative Assembly, as an independent supporter of the present Government, and I respectfully ask for your votes at the general election.

Faithfully yours,

CHARLES WILSON.

Victoria, 10th May, 1890. my21

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been selected by those opposed to the present local government as one of four to contest the ensuing general election in their interest, I beg to announce myself as a Candidate at the forthcoming election in opposition to the government, and trust you may favor me with your votes and support.

I shall shortly take the opportunity of placing my views on public matters before you.

Yours respectfully,

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

Victoria, B. C., May 15th, 1890. my17-1m

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN:

Having been solicited to stand as a candidate at the approaching Election for the Local Legislature, I have consented to do so, and solicit your vote and support.

I hope to have the pleasure of addressing you at as early a date as possible, when I shall place my views before you.

Yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

my12

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Esquimalt District.

GENTLEMEN:

At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends I have decided to offer myself as a candidate to represent your District in the Legislative Assembly and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

At as early date I shall ask you to meet me in order to enable me to place my views before you upon the political issues.

my28 H. HELGESEN.

IN SPITE OF THE KNOCKOUT

HENRY SHORT

Is ready for business at his old stand, where

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